## DRAFT ANNUAL BUDGET OF

# NKANGALA DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY (DC31)

2012/13 TO 2014/15
MEDIUM TERM REVENUE AND
EXPENDITURE FORECASTS

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- All public libraries within the municipality
  - At www.nkangaladm.org.za

## **Table of Contents**

PART 1	1 – ANNUAL BUDGET	
1.1	Mayor's Report	1
1.2	Council Resolutions	
1.3	EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	
1.4	OPERATING REVENUE FRAMEWORK	
1.5	OPERATING EXPENDITURE FRAMEWORK	
1.6	Capital expenditure	
1.7	Annual Budget Tables	11
2 PA	ART 2 - SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION	30
2.1	OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL BUDGET PROCESS	30
2.2	OVERVIEW OF ALIGNMENT OF ANNUAL BUDGET WITH IDP	33
2.3	MEASURABLE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES AND INDICATORS	39
2.4	OVERVIEW OF BUDGET RELATED-POLICIES	51
2.5	OVERVIEW OF BUDGET ASSUMPTIONS	53
2.6	OVERVIEW OF BUDGET FUNDING	
2.7	EXPENDITURE ON GRANTS AND RECONCILIATIONS OF UNSPENT FUNDS	67
2.8	COUNCILLOR AND EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	69
2.9	MONTHLY TARGETS FOR REVENUE, EXPENDITURE AND CASH FLOW	72
2.10	ANNUAL BUDGETS AND SDBIPS - INTERNAL DEPARTMENTSERROR! BO	
2.11		

## **List of Tables**

Table 1 Consolidated Overview of the 2012/13 MTREF	4
Table 2 Summary of revenue classified by main revenue source	5
Table 3 Percentage growth in revenue by main revenue source	5
Table 4 Operating Transfers and Grant Receipts	5
Table 5 Summary of operating expenditure by standard classification item	6
Table 6 Breakdown of the main expenditure categories per Local Municipality	9
Table 7 Operational repairs and maintenance	9
Table 8 2012/13 Medium-term capital budget per asset class	9
Table 9 MBRR Table A1 - Budget Summary	12
Table 10 Table A2 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by standard	
classification)	14

	MBRR Table A3 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by municipal	
=		
	MBRR Table A4 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure)	
	Contributions to Local Municipalities per municipality	
	Indicative - Contributions to Local Municipalities per municipality	. 20
	MBRR Table A5 - Budgeted Capital Expenditure by vote, standard classification and funding	
	MBRR Table A6 - Budgeted Financial Position	
	MBRR Table A7 - Budgeted Cash Flow Statement	
	MBRR Table A8 - Cash Backed Reserves/Accumulated Surplus Reconciliation	
	MBRR Table A9 - Asset Management	
	MBRR Table SA4 - Reconciliation between the IDP strategic objectives and budgeted revenue	
	MBRR Table SA5 - Reconciliation between the IDP strategic objectives and budgeted operati	_
•	ure	. 37
	MBRR Table SA7 - Reconciliation between the IDP strategic objectives and budgeted capital	
•	ure	
	MBRR Table SA7 - Measurable performance objectives	
	MBRR Table SA8 - Performance indicators and benchmarks	
	Credit rating outlook	
	Breakdown of the operating revenue over the medium-term	
	MBRR SA15 – Detail Investment Information	
	MBRR SA16 – Investment particulars by maturity	
	MBRR Table SA 17 - Detail of borrowings	
	MBRR Table SA 18 - Capital transfers and grant receipts	
	MBRR Table A7 - Budget cash flow statement	
	MBRR Table A8 - Cash backed reserves/accumulated surplus reconciliation	
	MBRR SA10 – Funding compliance measurement	
	MBRR SA19 - Expenditure on transfers and grant programmes	
	MBRR SA 20 - Reconciliation between of transfers, grant receipts and unspent funds	
	MBRR SA22 - Summary of councillor and staff benefits	69
	MBRR SA23 - Salaries, allowances and benefits (political office bearers/councillors/ senior	
_	s)	
	MBRR SA24 – Summary of personnel numbers	
	MBRR SA25 - Budgeted monthly revenue and expenditure	
Table 40	MBRR SA26 - Budgeted monthly revenue and expenditure (municipal vote)	. 73
	MBRR SA27 - Budgeted monthly revenue and expenditure (standard classification)	
Table 42	MBRR SA28 - Budgeted monthly capital expenditure (municipal vote)	. 75
	MBRR SA29 - Budgeted monthly capital expenditure (standard classification)	
	MBRR SA30 - Budgeted monthly cash flow	
	${\sf EXECUTIVE~\&~COUNCIL~operating~revenue~by~source, expenditure~by~type~and~total~capital}\\$	
expendit	ure Error! Bookmark not defin	ed.

March 2012 ii

Table 46 ADMINISTRATION - operating revenue by source, expenditure by expenditure	·
Table 47 FINANCE - BUDGET & TREASURY OFFICE - operating revenue by so	
and total capital expenditure	
Table 48 SOCIAL SERVICES - operating revenue by source, expenditure by ty	
expenditure E	
Table 49 PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT- TECHNICAL SERVICES - operating re-	
expenditure by type and total capital expenditure <b>E</b>	·
Table 50 PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT CONTRIBUTIONS TO LOCAL MUNICIP	
by source, expenditure by type and total capital expenditure	
Table 51 LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT - operating revenue by source,	
total capital expenditure E	
Table 52 LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT – Performance objectives and i	
not defined.	
Table 55 Quarterly projections of service delivery targets and perform	nance indicators Error!
Bookmark not defined.	
Table 56 MBRR SA 34a - Capital expenditure on new assets by asset class . <b>E</b>	Error! Bookmark not defined.
Table 57 MBRR SA34c - Repairs and maintenance expenditure by asset clas	sError! Bookmark not
defined.	
Table 58 MBRR SA35 - Future financial implications of the capital budget . <b>E</b>	Error! Bookmark not defined.
Table 59 MBRR SA36 - Detailed capital budget per municipal vote E	Error! Bookmark not defined.
Table 60 MBRR Table SA1 - Supporting detail to budgeted financial perform	nance Error! Bookmark not
defined.	
Table 61 MBRR Table SA2 – Matrix financial performance budget (revenue	source/expenditure type and
department)	Error! Bookmark not defined.
Table 62 MBRR Table SA3 – Supporting detail to Statement of Financial Pos	ition Error! Bookmark not
defined.	
Table 63 MBRR Table SA9 – Social, economic and demographic statistics an	d assumptions Error!
Bookmark not defined.	
Table 64 Contributions to local municipalities: New project list 2011/12	Error! Bookmark not defined.
List of Figures	
Figure 1 Main operational expenditure categories for the 2012/13 financial	vear8
Figure 2 Expenditure by major type	
Figure 3 Planning, budgeting and reporting cycle	
Figure 4 Definition of performance information concepts	
Figure 5 Breakdown operating revenue over the 2012/13 MTREF	
Figure 6 Decline in outstanding borrowing (long-term liabilities)	
Figure 7 Cash and cash equivalents / Cash backed reserves and accumulate	
Figure 8 Nkangala District Municipality Organogram E	
G - G	

iii March 2012

March 2012 iv

# **Abbreviations and Acronyms**

AMR ASGISA	Automated Meter Reading Accelerated and Shared Growth Initiative	MEC MFMA	Member of the Executive Committee Municipal Financial Management Act Programme
BPC	Budget Planning Committee	MIG	Municipal Infrastructure Grant
CBD	Central Business District	MM	Municipal Manager
CFO	Chief Financial Officer	MMC	Member of Mayoral Committee
CPI	Consumer Price Index	MPRA	Municipal Properties Rates Act
CRRF	Capital Replacement Reserve Fund	MSA	Municipal Systems Act
DBSA	Development Bank of South Africa	MTEF	Medium-term Expenditure
DoRA	Division of Revenue Act		Framework
DWA	Department of Water Affairs	MTREF	Medium-term Revenue and
EE	Employment Equity		Expenditure Framework
<b>EEDSM</b>	Energy Efficiency Demand Side	NERSA	National Electricity Regulator South
	Management		Africa
EM	Executive Mayor	NDM	Nkangala District Municipality
FBS	Free basic services	NGO	Non-Governmental organisations
GAMAP	Generally Accepted Municipal	NKPIs	National Key Performance Indicators
	Accounting Practice	OHS	Occupational Health and Safety
GDP	Gross domestic product	OP	Operational Plan
GDS	Gauteng Growth and Development	PBO	Public Benefit Organisations
	Strategy	PHC	Provincial Health Care
GFS	Government Financial Statistics	PMS	Performance Management System
GRAP	General Recognised Accounting	PPE	Property Plant and Equipment
	Practice	PPP	Public Private Partnership
HR	Human Resources	PTIS	Public Transport Infrastructure
HSRC	Human Science Research Council		System
IDP	Integrated Development Strategy	RG	Restructuring Grant
IT	Information Technology	RSC	Regional Services Council
kl	kilolitre	SALGA	
km	kilometre	CADO	Association
KPA	Key Performance Area	SAPS	South African Police Service
KPI kWh	Key Performance Indicator kilowatt	SDBIP	Service Delivery Budget
KVVII {	litre	SMME	Implementation Plan Small Micro and Medium Enterprises
t LED	Local Economic Development	SIVIIVIE	Small wild and wedidin Enterprises
LLD	Local Locationiic Development		

## Part 1 - Annual Budget

## 1.1 Mayor's Report

In his Budget Speech to Parliament on 17 February 2010, the Minister of Finance said: "We cannot expect to do the same old things and expect different results". In the past three years, the world economy has gone through its deepest recession in over 70 years. Signals are that the recovery is still fragile and many commentators caution that current positive economic trends may be short-lived and that the world economy may yet experience a second recessionary wave. Nkangala District Municipality was in no way immune to the harsh economic realities associated with the recession.

Management within local government has a significant role to play in strengthening the link between the citizen and government's overall priorities and spending plans. The goal should be to enhance service delivery aimed at improving the quality of life for all people within the Nkangala District Municipality. Budgeting is primarily about the choices that the municipality has to make between competing priorities and fiscal realities. The challenge is to do more with the available resources. We need to remain focused on the effective delivery of the core municipal services through the application of efficient and effective service delivery mechanisms.

The application of sound financial management principles for the compilation of the District's financial plan is essential and critical to ensure that the District remains financially viable and that sustainable municipal services are provided economically and equitably to all communities.

The consultative process leading to the formulation of this budget is reflective of the letter and spirit of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa.

It is in keeping with our view that participation is intrinsic to democracy. The District has, by engaging in this process, given a voice to the people to place specific issues on the agenda.

We will continue to do so. We intend to remain accountable and transparent at all times.

In this public participation process, both political representatives and officials have learnt from the people and vice versa. This has also helped us to gain an insight into our communities.

Clearly with this budget, our people will experience a significant improvement in their quality of life. But it is only with the co-operation of the people that this budget will be able to meet their need.

The people can and must lend a hand. In the I.D.P we have set clear targets for measurable improvements on all our key goals.

We aim to deliver a social package that aims to improve the level of service delivery.

Yours in Service Delivery

## 1.2 Council Resolutions

On 30 May 2012 the Council of Nkangala District Municipality met in the Council Chambers of Nkangala District Municipality to consider the annual budget of the municipality for the financial year 2012/13. The Council notes the following resolutions:

- 1. The Council of Nkangala District Municipality, acting in terms of section 24 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, (Act 56 of 2003) notes:
  - 1.1. The annual budget of the municipality for the financial year 2012/13 and the multi-year and single-year capital appropriations as set out in the following tables:
    - 1.1.1. Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by standard classification) as contained in Table 10 on page 14;
    - 1.1.2. Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by municipal vote) as contained in Table 11 on page 16;
    - 1.1.3. Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue by source and expenditure by type) as contained in Table 12 on page 18; and
    - 1.1.4. Multi-year and single-year capital appropriations by municipal vote and standard classification and associated funding by source as contained in Table 15 on page 21.
  - 1.2. The financial position, cash flow budget, cash-backed reserve/accumulated surplus, asset management and basic service delivery targets are noted as set out in the following tables:
    - 1.2.1. Budgeted Financial Position as contained in Table 16 on page 23;
    - 1.2.2. Budgeted Cash Flows as contained in Table 17 on page 25;
    - 1.2.3. Cash backed reserves and accumulated surplus reconciliation as contained in Table 18 on page 25;
    - 1.2.4. Asset management as contained in Table 19 on page 27; and
    - 1.2.5. Basic service delivery measurement as contained in Table 23 on page 40.
  - 1.3. The project priority list as submitted by local municipalities in table 62 pages 118 to 124 was confirmed.
  - 1.4. The organogram attached as figure 8 pages 125 to 135 with new positions aimed at strengthening the organisations' performance to ensure that the priorities set out in the IDP and matters raised by the Auditor General, be noted
  - 1.5. The Budget timetable for 2013/2014 attached as figure 9 page 136 was noted.

## 1.3 Executive Summary

The application of sound financial management principles for the compilation of the District's financial plan is essential and critical to ensure that the District remains financially viable and that municipal services are provided sustainably, economically and equitably to all communities.

The District's business and service delivery priorities were reviewed as part of this year's planning and budget process. Where appropriate, funds were transferred from low- to high-priority programmes so as to maintain sound financial stewardship. A critical review was also undertaken of expenditures on noncore and 'nice to have' items. This has resulted in savings to

the municipality of nearly R36 million in the current financial year's adjusted budget (2011/12). Key areas where savings were realized were on operational administrative expenditure.

The District has done a service deliver audit of the past five years. Furthermore, the District has undertaken various customer care initiatives to ensure the municipality truly involves all citizens in the process of ensuring a people lead government.

National Treasury's MFMA Circular No. 51, 54, 55 and 58 were used to guide the compilation of the 2012/13 MTREF.

The main challenges experienced during the compilation of the 2012/13 MTREF can be summarised as follows:

- The ongoing difficulties in the national and local economy:
- Aging and poorly maintained water, roads and electricity infrastructure;
- The need to reprioritise projects and expenditure within the existing resource envelope given the cash flow realities;
- Wage increases for municipal staff that continue to exceed consumer inflation, as well as the need to fill critical vacancies;

The following budget principles and guidelines directly informed the compilation of the 2012/13 MTREF:

- The 2011/12 Adjustments Budget priorities and targets, as well as the base line allocations contained in that Adjustments Budget were adopted as the upper limits for the new baselines for the 2012/13 annual budget;
- Intermediate service level standards were used to inform the measurable objectives, targets and backlog eradication goals;
- There will be no budget allocated to national and provincial funded projects unless the necessary grants to the municipality are reflected in the national and provincial budget and have been gazetted as required by the annual Division of Revenue Act;
- The following items and allocations to these items had to be supported by a list and/or motivation setting out the intention and cost of the expenditure which was used to prioritise expenditures:
  - Special Projects;
  - Consultant Fees;
  - Furniture and office equipment;
  - Special Events:
  - Refreshments and entertainment;
  - Ad-hoc travelling; and
  - Subsistence, Travelling & Conference fees (national & international).

In view of the aforementioned, the following table is a consolidated overview of the proposed 2012/13 Medium-term Revenue and Expenditure Framework:

R	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2013/14
Total Operating Revenue	325,207,000.00	328,203,720.00	339,191,444.00	351,323,087.98
Total Operating Expenditure	709,784,914.90	598,616,383.05	338,564,056.80	356,526,254.64
(Surplus)/ Deficit for the year	384,577,914.90	270,412,663.05	-627,387.20	5,203,166.67
Total Capital Expenditure	44,767,501.20	75,718,167.21	19,420,996.00	20,469,729.78
Total Loan Redemption	2,600,000.00	5,060,000.00	5,060,000.00	5,052,000.00

Table 1 Consolidated Overview of the 2012/13 MTREF

Total operating revenue has grown by 0.92 per cent or R2,997 million for the 2012/13 financial year when compared to the 2011/12 Adjustments Budget. For the two outer years, operational revenue will increase by 3.35 and 3.58 per cent respectively, equating to a total revenue growth of R26,116 million over the MTREF when compared to the 2011/12 financial year.

Total operating expenditure for the 2012/13 financial year has been appropriated at R598,616 million and translates into a budgeted deficit of R270,412 million, which will be funded from the accumulated operating surplusses. When compared to the 2011/12 Adjustments Budget, operational expenditure has decreased by 15.66 per cent in the 2012/13 budget and by 43,44 for the 2013/14 budget and grown by 5.31 per cent for the 2014/15 budget year of the MTREF.

The capital budget of R75,718 million for 2012/13 increased with 69349 per cent compared to the 2011/12 Adjustment Budget. The capital programme decreases to R19,420 million in the 2013/14 financial year and increased to R20,469 in 2014/15. The capital budget will be funded from internally generated funds and accumulated surplus.

## 1.4 Operating Revenue Framework

For Nkangala District Municipality to continue improving the quality of services provided to its citizens and local municipalities it needs to generate the required revenue. In these tough economic times strong revenue management is fundamental to the financial sustainability of every municipality. The reality is that we are faced with development backlogs and poverty. The expenditure required to address these challenges will inevitably always exceed available funding; hence difficult choices have to be made in relation to balancing expenditures against realistically anticipated revenues.

The municipality's revenue strategy is built around the following key components:

- National Treasury's guidelines and macroeconomic policy;
- Growth in the District and continued economic development;
- Efficient revenue management,;

The following table is a summary of the 2012/13 MTREF (classified by main revenue source):

Table 2 Summary of revenue classified by main revenue source

Description	2008/9	2009/10	2009/10 2010/11		Current Ye	ear 2011/12	2012/13 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework			
R thousands	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2012/13	Budget Year +1 2013/14	+2 2014/15
Financial Performance										
Property rates		:	-	-	-		-	-		1-0
Service charges		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment revenue	38,401	34,074	31,136	22,125	22,125	18,628	10,866	23,453	24,860	26,202
Transfers recognised - operational	251,840	269,952	284,772	301,822	301,595	376,076	219,378	303,175	312,661	323,360
Other own revenue	13,336	2,893	6,225	1,487	1,487	(1,069)	(624)	1,576	1,671	1,761
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)	303,577	306,920	322,133	325,434	325,207	393,635	229,620	328,204	339,191	351,323

Table 3 Percentage growth in revenue by main revenue source

Revenue	Current Year 2011/12	2012/13 M	mework				
	Adjusted Budget	Budget Year 2012/13	%	Budget Year +1 2013/14	%	Budget Year +2 2014/15	%
Property rates	-	-		-			
Service charges	27	-		2		-	
Investment revenue	22,125	23,453	6.00	24,860	6.00	26,202	5.40
Transfers recognised - operational	301,595	303,175	0.52	312,661	3.13	323,360	
Other own revenue	1,487	1,576	6.00	1,671	6.00	1,761	
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)	325,207	328,204	0.92	339,191	3.35	351,323	

In line with the formats prescribed by the Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations, capital transfers and contributions are excluded from the operating statement, as inclusion of these revenue sources would distort the calculation of the operating surplus/deficit.

Operating Grants form a significant percentage of the revenue basket for the District. In the 2012/13 financial year, the operating grants totalled R303,175 million or 92.37 per cent. This increases to R312,661 million and R323,360 million in the respective financial years of the MTREF. The main portion of the operating grants is the RSC Levy Replacement grant, which can be classified as own revenue as well because it replaced the RSC Levies that were abolished in 2006.

**Table 4 Operating Transfers and Grant Receipts** 

Description	2008/9	2009/10	2010/11	/11 Current Year 2011/12					2012/13 Medium Term Revenue &			
R thousands	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2012/13	+1 2013/14	+2 2014/15		
RSC Replacement Grant	239,308	256,825	265,446	272,506	272,506	350,366	204,380	280,681	289,101	297,774		
Finance Management Grant	772	750	1,000	1,250	1,250	680	397	1,250	1,500	1,250		
Equitable Share	8,710	11,114	16,858	19,468	19,468	25,030	14,601	19,030	21,060	23,386		
MSIG	1,433	735	750	1,000	1,000	3-	-	1,000	1,000	950		
Other	1,616	529	717	7,598	7,371	-	_	1,214	-	-		
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)	251,840	269,952	284,772	301,822	301,595	376,076	219,378	303,175	312,661	323,360		

Investment revenue is the second largest revenue source totalling 7.18 per cent or R23,562 million and increases to R26,324 million by 2014/15. The third largest source is 'other revenue' which consists of various items such as income received from discounts, sale of tender documents and sundry income.

It must also be appreciated that the consumer price index, as measured by CPI, is not a good measure of the cost increases of goods and services relevant to municipalities. The basket of goods and services utilised for the calculation of the CPI consist of items such as food, petrol and medical services, whereas the cost drivers of a municipality are informed by items such as the cost of remuneration, petrol, diesel, chemicals, cement etc. The current challenge facing the District is managing the gap between cost drivers and revenue income, as any shortfall must be made up by either operational efficiency gains or service level reductions.

## 1.5 Operating Expenditure Framework

The District's expenditure framework for the 2012/13 budget and MTREF is informed by the following:

- The roads renewal strategy and the repairs and maintenance plan for Thembisile Hani Local Municipality Roads;
- Balanced budget constraint (operating expenditure should not exceed operating revenue) unless there are existing uncommitted cash-backed reserves to fund any deficit;
- Funding of the budget over the medium-term as informed by Section 18 and 19 of the MFMA;
- The contribution to local municipalities is aligned to the asset IDP and backlog eradication plan;
- Operational gains and efficiencies will be directed to funding the contribution to local municipalities and other core services; and
- Project lists submitted by local municipalities.

The following table is a high level summary of the 2012/13 budget and MTREF (classified per main type of operating expenditure):

Table 5 Summary of operating expenditure by standard classification item

Description	2008/9	2009/10	2010/11		Current Ye	ar 2011/12	2012/13 Medium Term Revenue &			
R thousands	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2012/13	Budget Year +1 2013/14	+2 2014/15
Employee costs	23,021	29,344	35,556	70,011	46,259	16,391	9,561	76,466	83,351	87,851
Remuneration of councillors	8,068	8,529	8,589	12,164	10,264	8,762	5,111	13,373	14,573	15,359
Depreciation & asset impairment	5,825	6,056	6,619	6,130	6,657	2,629	1,534	6,503	6,893	7,265
Finance charges	3,561	3,372	3,160	5,200	2,600	2,578	1,504	5,060	5,060	5,052
Materials and bulk purchases	57	267	122	755	385	574	335	966	1,028	1,084
Transfers and grants	113,355	115,633	179,054	448,040	600,006	271,843	158,575	432,917	184,030	193,647
Other expenditure	7,552	9,183	19,076	46,693	46,213	30,918	18,036	68,392	48,690	51,319
Total Expenditure	161,440	172,384	252,176	588,994	712,385	333,695	194,655	603,676	343,624	361,578

The budgeted allocation for employee related costs for the 2012/13 financial year totals R76,466 million, which equals 12.67 per cent of the total operating expenditure. Based on circular 58, salary increases have been factored into this budget at a percentage increase of 5 per cent for the 2012/13 financial year. An annual increase of 5.6 per cent has been included in the two outer years of the MTREF. As part of the District's cost reprioritization and cash management strategy vacancies have been significantly rationalized downwards.

Provision has been made in the budget to include positions in the organogram to ensure that the priorities set out in the IDP and matters raised by the Auditor General are adequately attended to. These positions aim to strengthen the following areas of work, Internal audit, Risk management, Monitoring and Evaluation, Information Communication Technology Senior Administrator, Research and Development unit, Municipal Health Services and Accelerate Budget expenditure.

It should be noted that the total financial implication for salaries could not be determined as the applicable municipal wage curve (representing equal pay for equal work at all municipalities in South Africa) has not been finalised.

The cost associated with the remuneration of councillors is determined by the Minister of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs in accordance with the Remuneration of Public Office Bearers Act, 1998 (Act 20 of 1998). The most recent proclamation in this regard has been taken into account in compiling the District's budget.

The provision of debt impairment was determined based on an annual collection rate of 99 per cent and the Credit Control and Debt Collection Policy of the District. For the 2012/13 financial year this amount equates to R134,620. While this expenditure is considered to be a non-cash flow item, it informed the total cost associated with rendering the services of the municipality, as well as the municipality's realistically anticipated revenues.

Provision for depreciation and asset impairment has been informed by the Municipality's Asset Management Policy. Depreciation is widely considered a proxy for the measurement of the rate asset consumption. Budget appropriations in this regard total R6.503 million for the 2012/13 financial and equates to 1.08 per cent of the total operating expenditure.

Finance charges consist primarily of the repayment of interest on long-term borrowing (cost of capital). Finance charges make up 0.84 per cent (R5.06 million) of operating expenditure excluding annual redemption for 2012/13 and decreases to R5.52 million by 2014/15.

Other materials comprises of amongst others the purchase of fuel, diesel, materials for maintenance, cleaning materials and chemicals. In line with the District's repairs and maintenance plan this group of expenditure has been prioritised to ensure sustainability of the District's infrastructure. For 2012/13 the appropriation against this group of expenditure has grown R391,766 and continues to grow for the two outer years of which budget allocation is in excess of R55,532 by 2014/15.

Contracted services has been identified as a cost saving area for the District. As part of the compilation of the 2012/13 MTREF this group of expenditure was critically evaluated and operational efficiencies were enforced. In the 2012/13 financial year, this group of expenditure

totals R5,781 million and has escalated by just 0.96 per cent, clearly demonstrating the application of cost efficiencies. For the two outer years growth has been limited to 1.79 per cent.

Other expenditure comprises of various line items relating to the daily operations of the municipality. This group of expenditure has also been identified as an area in which cost savings and efficiencies can be achieved. Growth has been limited to 11.33 per cent for 2012/13 and increase at 14.17 and increased at 14.19 per cent for the two outer years, indicating that significant cost savings have been already realised. Further details relating to contracted services can be seen in table 58 MBRR SA1 (see page 113)

The following table gives a breakdown of the main expenditure categories for the 2012/13 financial year.

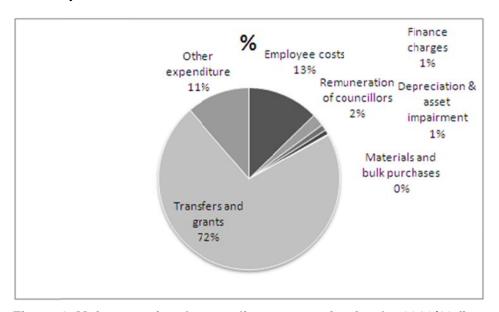


Figure 1 Main operational expenditure categories for the 2012/13 financial year

#### 1.5.1 Priority given to Contribution to Local Municipalities

The prioritised projects submitted by Local Municipalities as contained in the approved 2012/2013 IDP of the District on page 192 to 260 to improve service delivery and eradicate backlogs was the main focus for this expenditure category.

In response to National priority Outcome 4: Decent employment through inclusive economic growth, the proposed budget provides for R30,99 million for Expanded Public Work Programme.

The following table gives a breakdown of the main expenditure categories per Local Municipality for the 2012/13 financial year.

2.800.000 10.970.000 11.200.000

17,560,000 7,400,000 30,990,000 94,020,000 125,010,000

10,360,000

24,690,000

22 170 000

10.360.000

24,690,000

4. Steve Tshwete

6. Thembisile Hani

**Total New Projects** 

5. Emakhazeni

ROADS & URBAN Funded Funded STORMWATE DEVELOP through through MUNICIPALITY ELECTRICITY OTHER WATER SEWER MENT **EPWP** NDM TOTAL 8,000,000 1. Victor Khanye 1.500.000 3.500.000 7,650,000 11,150,000 13,520,000 10,000,000 2. DR. J § Moroka 7,520,000 6.000.000 10.000.000 23,520,000 3. Emalahleni 8,120,000 1.000.000 11,000,000 13,000,000 3.000.000 30.120.000 33,120,000

3,490,000

3,490,000

560,000

4,000,000

2.300.000

Table 6 Breakdown of the main expenditure categories per Local Municipality

4.000.000

13,200,000

46,200,000

## 1.5.2 Priority given to repairs and maintenance

12.370.000

3.500.000

4,000,000

37,010,000 14,000,000

7.000.000

Aligned to the priority being given to preserving and maintaining the District's current infrastructure, which amongst others include the roads in Thembisile Hani Local Municipality, the 2012/13 budget and MTREF provide for extensive growth in the area of asset maintenance, as informed by the repairs and maintenance plan of the District. In terms of the Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations, operational repairs and maintenance is not considered a direct expenditure driver but an outcome of certain other expenditures, such as remuneration, purchases of materials and contracted services. Considering that the only cost driver for the District is contracted services, the following table is a consolidation of all the expenditures associated with repairs and maintenance:

Table 7 Operational repairs and maintenance

Description	2008/9 2009/10 2010/		2010/11	Current Year 2011/12					2012/13 Medium Term Revenue &		
R thousands	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2012/13	Budget Year +1 2013/14	Budget Year +2 2014/15	
Repairs & Maintenance	989	29,344	35,556	70,011	46,259	16,391	9,561	76,466	83,351	87,851	
Repairs & Maintenance Thembisile	4,482	832	710	21,127	22,327	11,426	6,665	47,380	13,214	13,927	

The table below provides a breakdown of the repairs and maintenance in relation to asset class:

## 1.6 Capital expenditure

The following table provides a breakdown of budgeted capital expenditure by vote:

Table 8 2012/13 Medium-term capital budget per asset class

Description	Current Year 2011/12	2012/13 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework							
R thousand	Adjusted Budget	Budget Year 2012/13	%		%	Budget Year +2 2014/15	%		
Capital expenditure on new assets by As-	set Class/Sub-class								
Infrastructure	19,205	44,342	58.56	11,054	56.92	11,651	56.92		
Roads, Pavements & Bridges	19,205	44,342	58.56	11,054	56.92	11,651	56.92		
Community	24,082	29,037	38.35	6,292	32.40	6,632	32.40		
Heritage assets	-	-		-		_			
Investment properties	-	, <del>-</del>		-		-			
Other assets	1,480	2,338	3.09	2,075	10.68	2,187	10.68		
Other	1,480	2,338	3.09	2,075	10.68	2,187	10.68		
Agricultural assets	-	-		12-1		-	- 4		
Biological assets	-	-		-		-			
Intangibles	-	-		-		-			
Total Capital Expenditure on new assets	44,768	75,718	100.00	19,421	100.00	20,470	100.00		

For 2012/13 an amount of R44,342 million has been appropriated for the development of Infrastructure-Road transport which represents 58.56 per cent of the total capital budget.

Total new assets represent R75,718 million of the total budget. Further detail relating to asset classes and proposed capital expenditure is contained in Table 26 MBRR A9 (Asset Management) on page 27. In addition to the MBRR Table A9, MBRR Tables SA34aand SA34c provides a detailed breakdown of the capital programme relating to new asset construction, capital asset renewal as well as operational repairs and maintenance by asset class (refer to pages 107 and 109). Some of the salient projects to be undertaken over the medium-term includes, amongst others:

- Roads in Thembisile Hani Local Municipality R44,342 million;
- Fire fighting and security and emergency equipment R29,037 million;

Furthermore pages 92 to 96 contain a detail breakdown of the capital budget per project over the medium-term.

#### 1.6.1 Future operational cost of new infrastructure

The future operational costs and revenues associated with the capital programme have been included in Table 56 MBRR SA35 on page 110. This table shows that future operational costs associated with the capital programme totals R75,718 million in 2012/13 and escalates to R19,421 million by 2013/14. This concomitant operational expenditure is expected to escalate to R20,470 million by 2014/15. It needs to be noted that as part of the 2012/13 MTREF, this expenditure has been factored into the two outer years of the operational budget.

## 1.7 Annual Budget Tables

The following eighteen pages present the ten main budget tables as required in terms of section 8 of the Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations. These tables set out the municipality's 2012/13 budget and MTREF as approved by the Council. Each table is accompanied by explanatory notes on the facing page.

## Table 9 MBRR Table A1 - Budget Summary

DC31 Nkangala - Table A1 Budget Summary

Description	2008/9	2009/10	2010/11		Current Ye	ear 2011/12			edium Term F nditure Frame	
R thousands	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2012/13	Budget Year +1 2013/14	Budget Year +2 2014/15
Financial Performance										
Property rates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Service charges	-	-	n-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Investment revenue	38,401	34,074	31,136	22,125	22,125	18,628	10,866	23,453	24,860	26,202
Transfers recognised - operational Other own revenue	251,840 13,336	269,952 2,893	284,772 6,225	301,822 1,487	301,595 1,487	376,076 (1,069)	219,378 (624)	303,175 1,576	312,661 1,671	323,360 1,761
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers	303,577	306,920	322,133	325,434	325,207	393,635	229.620	328,204	339,191	351,323
and contributions)	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	1000	1200000000	100000000000000000000000000000000000000			10000 10000	10071700	EEMCHU.	800000
Employee costs	23,021	29.344	35,556	70.011	46.259	16.391	9,561	76,466	83,351	87,851
Remuneration of councillors	8,068	8,529	8,589	12,164	10,264	8,762	5,111	13,373	14,573	15,359
Degreciation & asset impairment	5,825	6,056	6,619	6,130	6,657	2,629	1,534	6,503	6.893	7,265
Finance charges	3,561	3.372	3,160	5,200	2,600	2,578	1,504	5,060	5,060	5.052
Materials and bulk purchases	57	267	122	755	385	574	335	966	1,028	1,084
Transfers and grants	113,355	115.633	179,054	448,040	600,006	271,843	158,575	432,917	184,030	193,647
Other experditure	7,552	9,183	19,076	46,693	46,213	30,918	18,036	68,392	48,690	51,319
Total Expenditure	161,440	172,384	252,176	588,994	712,385	333,695	194,655	603,676	343,624	361,578
Surplus/(Deficit)	142,137	134,536	69,957	(263,560)	(387,178)	59,940	34,965	(275,473)	(4,433)	(10,255
Transfers recognised - capital	_	_	-	-		-		- (2.0)	-	
Contributions recognised - capital & contributed a		-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	_
Surplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers &	142,137	134,536	69,957	(263,560)	(387,178)	59,940	34,965	(275,473)	(4,433)	(10,255)
	172,107	104,000	05,557	(200,000)	(507,170)	30,040	04,000	(213,413)	(4,455)	(10,200)
contributions										
Share of surplus/ (deficit) of associate Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	142,137	134,536	69,957	(263,560)	(387,178)	59,940	34,965	(275,473)	(4,433)	(10,255
	142,137	134,330	00,007	(203,300)	(307,170)	55,540	34,803	(213,413)	(+,+33)	(10,200)
Capital expenditure & funds sources Capital expenditure	10,179	3.058	(2,948)	50,938	44,768	10,560	6,160	75,718	19,421	20,470
	10,173		(2,540)			10,500	-		10,421	20,470
Transfers recognised - capital Public contributions & donations		_				-	_	_	_	_
Borrowing							_	_	_	_
Internally generated funds	10,179	3.058	(2,948)	50.938	44,768	10,560	6,160	75,718	19,421	20,470
Total sources of capital funds	10,179	3,058	(2,948)	50,938	44,768	10,560	6,160	75,718	19,421	20,470
Financial position										
Total current assets	524,929	660,802	724,459	198,503	-	-	1-0	366,309	343,996	315,512
Total non current assets	88,193	88,087	121,796	8,185	-	-	-	191,011	203,539	216,743
Total current liabilities	36,525	44,264	71,355	1,597	-	-	-	69,762	69,762	69,754
Total non current liabilities	60,050	56,599	52,473	-	-	-		40,572	35,186	30,134
Community Wealth/Equity	516,547	648,026	722,427	466,009	-	-	-	446,954	442,521	432,266
Cash flows										50.74
Net cash from (used) operating	137,432	60,339	67,461	(281,352)	(281,352)	41,058	9,542	(109,773)	150,102	152,624
Net cash from (used) investing	(6,969)	(5,948)	(40,051)	(36,007)	(44,768)	(560)	(6,160)	(65,718)	(19,421)	(20,470)
Net cash from (used) financing	(5,068)	(4,444)	(5,651)	(2,200)	(5,200)	(5,200)	(5,200)	(5,060)	(5,060)	(5,052)
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end	394,446	444,393	466,152	146,592	134,832	181,890	464,333	1,339	126,960	254,062
Cash backing/surplus reconciliation										
Cash and investments available	401,759	452,578	501,616	13,185	-	1.7	-	143,466	121,153	92,669
Application of cash and investments	23,276	6,633	47,406	(4,654)	-		-	48,265	48,265	48,265
Balance - surplus (shortfall)	378,484	445,945	454,210	17,839	-	-	-	95,201	72,888	44,404
Asset management	1275/3021	1222334	1000000	125,0000	200	125 (473.0)	moness	1 22 2 2 2	STATE OF	CLUTES
Asset register summary (WDV)	80,880	79,902	86,332	86,332	86,332	86,332	155,547	155,547	168,075	181,279
Depreciation & asset impairment	5,825	6,056	6,619	6,130	6,657	2,629	6,503	6,503	6,893	7,265
Renewal of Existing Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Repairs and Maintenance	989	1,608	2,335	5,337	2,974	1,989	5,781	5,781	6,133	6,465
Free services Cost of Free Basic Services provided										
Cost of Free Basic Services provided Revenue cost of free services provided	-	1,17	1.7	1.7	-	17	17.0	-	-	-
Revenue cost of free services provided Households below minimum service level	=	i -	-	100	-	-	-	_	-	-
Water:	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_
Sanitation/sewerage:	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_
Energy:	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_
Refuse:		-		_	_	_	-	_		1

## Explanatory notes to MBRR Table A1 - Budget Summary

- 1. Table A1 is a budget summary and provides a concise overview of the District's budget from all of the major financial perspectives (operating, capital expenditure, financial position, cash flow, and MFMA funding compliance).
- 2. The table provides an overview of the amounts approved by Council for operating performance, resources deployed to capital expenditure, financial position, cash and funding compliance, as well as the municipality's commitment to eliminating basic service delivery backlogs.
- 3. Financial management reforms emphasises the importance of the municipal budget being funded. This requires the simultaneous assessment of the Financial Performance, Financial Position and Cash Flow Budgets, along with the Capital Budget. The Budget Summary provides the key information in this regard:
  - The operating surplus/deficit (after Total Expenditure) is positive over the MTREF
  - b. Capital expenditure is balanced by capital funding sources, of which
    - i. Internally generated funds is financed from a combination of the current operating surplus and accumulated cash-backed surpluses from previous years. The amount is incorporated in the Net cash from investing on the Cash Flow Budget. The fact that the municipality's cash flow remains positive, and is improving indicates that the necessary cash resources are available to fund the Capital Budget.
- 4. The Cash backing/surplus reconciliation shows that in previous financial years the municipality was paying much attention to managing this aspect of its finances, and consequently all of its obligations are cash-backed. This places the municipality in a very positive financial position.

## Table 10 Table A2 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by standard classification)

Standard Classification Description	Ref	2008/9	2009/10	2010/11	Cur	rent Year 2011	/12		ledium Term F enditure Frame	
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2012/13	Budget Year +1 2013/14	Budget Year +2 2014/15
Revenue - Standard							× 101 × 10 × 100 ×			
Governance and administration		303,577	306,920	322,133	325,434	325,207	399,304	328,204	339,191	351,323
Executive and council		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(Angul =	-
Budget and treasury office		303,576	306,921	322,133	325,434	325,207	393,273	328,204	339,191	351,323
Corporate services		0	(1)	-	-	-	6,031	-	-	-
Community and public safety		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community and social services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sport and recreation		-	- 1	-		-	-	-	-	-
Public safety		-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Housing		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic and environmental services		-	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Planning and development		-	-	-	-	- 1	10-	-	-	-
Road transport		-	-		-	-	10-	-	-	-
Environmental protection		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trading services		-	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electricity		-	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Water		- 1	-	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	-
Waste water management		- 1	- 1	- 1	- 1	-	-	-	-	_
Waste management		-	-	- :	-	-	-	-	_	_
Other	4	-	-	- 1		-	-	-	-	-
Total Revenue - Standard	2	303,577	306,920	322,133	325,434	325,207	399,304	328,204	339,191	351,323
Expenditure - Standard								-		
Governance and administration		45,519	45,436	53,590	89,607	95,738	58,043	98,837	93,642	97,762
Executive and council		25,514	27,332	30,077	44,304	47,169	29,050	53,336	48,245	50,569
Budget and treasury office		14,832	12,711	17,049	32,918	38,188	26,610	32,887	31,761	32,821
Corporate services		5,174	5,393	6,464	12,385	10,380	2,384	12,614	13,636	14,372
Community and public safety		7,143	9,684	12,890	37,183	33,798	18,036	47,518	37,672	39,707
Community and social services		7,143	9,684	12,890	37,183	33,798	18,036	47,518	37,672	39,707
Sport and recreation		-	_	-	_	-	-	-	_	-
Public safety		-	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Housing		-	-	-	×-	-	-	-	_	-
Health		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Economic and environmental services		108,777	117,264	185,696	473,173	583,076	257,615	457,321	212,309	224,110
Planning and development		108,777	117,264	185,696	473,173	583,076	257,615	457,321	212,309	224,110
Road transport		-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Environmental protection		-	- 1	-	- 1	- 1		-	_	_
Trading services		- 1	- 1	-	-	-		-	-	-
Electricity		-	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water		-	_	-	-	-	_	_	-	_
Waste water management		_	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	_
Waste management		-	22	-	92	-	_	-	_	-
Other	4	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	_
Total Expenditure - Standard	3	161,440	172,384	252,176	599,964	712,612	333,695	603,676	343.624	361,578
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year		142,137	134,536	69.957	(274,530)	(387,405)	65,609	(275,473)		

# Explanatory notes to MBRR Table A2 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by standard classification)

1. Table A2 is a view of the budgeted financial performance in relation to revenue and expenditure per standard classification. The modified GFS standard classification divides the municipal services into 15 functional areas. Municipal revenue, operating expenditure and capital expenditure are then classified in terms if each of these functional areas which enables the National Treasury to compile 'whole of government' reports.

Table 11 MBRR Table A3 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by municipal vote)

DC31 Nkangala - Table A3 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by municipal vote)

Vote Description	Ref	2008/9	2009/10	2010/11	Cur	rent Year 2011	/12	19,000,000,000,000	edium Term R nditure Frame	
R thousand		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2012/13	Budget Year +1 2013/14	Budget Year +2 2014/15
Revenue by Vote	1									
Vote 1 - EXECUTIVE AND COUNCIL		0	(1)	-	-	-	6,031	-	-	-
Vote 2 - ADMINISTRATION		-	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 3 - FINANCE		303,576	306,921	322,133	325,434	325,207	393,273	328,204	339,191	351,323
Vote 4 - SOCIAL SERVICES		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 5 - Technical Services and PMU		-	-	-	12	-	-	-	_	-
Vote 6 - LED AGENCY		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 7 - DPU AND IDP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 8 - PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT CONTRI	BUT	-	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 9 - [NAME OF VOTE 9]		_	-	-	- 1	-		-	-	-
Vote 10 - [NAME OF VOTE 10]		-	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 11 - [NAME OF VOTE 11]		_	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	-
Vote 12 - [NAME OF VOTE 12]		_	- 1	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Vote 13 - [NAME OF VOTE 13]		_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 14 - [NAME OF VOTE 14]		-	_	-	-	-		-	-	-
Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	_
Total Revenue by Vote	2	303,577	306,920	322,133	325,434	325,207	399,304	328,204	339,191	351,323
Expenditure by Vote to be appropriated	1									
Vote 1 - EXECUTIVE AND COUNCIL		25,514	27,332	30,077	44,304	47,169	29,050	53,336	48,245	50,569
Vote 2 - ADMINISTRATION		5,174	5,393	6,464	12,385	10,380	2,384	12,614	13.636	14,372
Vote 3 - FINANCE		14,832	12,711	17,049	32,918	38,188	26,610	32,887	31,761	32,821
Vote 4 - SCCIAL SERVICES		7,143	9,684	12,890	37,183	33,798	18,036	47,518	37,672	39,707
Vote 5 - Technical Services and PMU		7,491	8,810	14,474	44,322	144,832	17,585	91,529	24,620	26,845
Vote 6 - LED AGENCY		2,491	3,533	6,387	24,393	33,194	5,161	43,250	25,751	27,142
Vote 7 - DPU AND IDP		1,431	5,148	6,823	19,877	20,187	11,730	28,701	21,987	23,174
Vote 8 - PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT CONTR	BUT	97,365	99,773	158.011	384,580	384.862	223,139	293,841	139.951	146,949
Vote 9 - [NAME OF VOTE 9]		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 10 - [NAME OF VOTE 10]		- 1	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-
Vote 11 - [NAME OF VOTE 11]		-	-	-	-	- 1	-	-	_	-
Vote 12 - [NAME OF VOTE 12]		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	_
Vote 13 - [NAME OF VOTE 13]		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	_
Vote 14 - [NAME OF VOTE 14]		- 1	- 1	-	20	-	2	_	_	_
Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]		-		-	-	-	_	_	_	_
Total Expenditure by Vote	2	161,440	172,384	252,176	599,964	712,612	333,695	603,676	343,624	361,578
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	2	142.137	134,536	69,957	(274,530)	(387,405)	65,609	(275,473)	(4.433)	(10,255

# Explanatory notes to MBRR Table A3 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by municipal vote)

1. Table A3 is a view of the budgeted financial performance in relation to the revenue and expenditure per municipal vote. This table facilitates the view of the budgeted operating performance in relation to the organisational structure of the District. This means it is possible to present the operating surplus or deficit of a vote.

Table 12 MBRR Table A4 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure)

DC24 Nkangala Table &4 Rudgeted Financial Derformance (revenue and expenditure)

Description	Ref	2008/9	2009/10	2010/11		Current Ye	ear 2011/12		1	ledium Term F enditure Frame	
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2012/13	Budget Year +1 2013/14	+2 2014/15
Revenue By Source											
Property rates	2	-	-	-	-	-	- 1		-	-	-
Property rates - penalties & collection charges	1 1										
Service charges - electricity revenue	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Service charges - water revenue	2	_	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	_
Service charges - sanitation revenue	2	_	_		-	_	_	2	_		_
Service charges - refuse revenue	2	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_
Service charges - other	1						150				
Rental of facilities and equipment		216	213	264	_	_	(4,789)	(2,794)	_	_	
Interest earned - external investments	1 1	38,401	34,074	31,136	22,125	22,125	18,628	10,866	23,453	24,860	26,202
		2000	110000000000000000000000000000000000000	41	103	1	29	10,000	10 00 No. 10 No.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	122
Interest earned - outstanding debtors	1 1	16	2	71	103	103	25	11	109	116	122
Dividends received	1 1										
Fines	1 1										
Licences and permits	1 1										
Agency services	1 1										
Transfers recognised - operational	1 1	251,840	269,952	284,772	301,822	301,595	376,076	219,378	303,175	312,661	323,360
Other revenue	2	13,104	2,679	5,920	1,384	1,384	3,692	2,154	1,467	1,555	1,639
Gains on disposal of PPE											
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers		303,577	306,920	322,133	325,434	325,207	393,635	229,620	328,204	339,191	351,323
and contributions)											
Expenditure By Type											
Employee related costs	2	23,021	29,344	35,556	70,011	46,259	16,391	9,561	76,466	83,351	87,851
Remuneration of councillors		8,068	8,529	8,589	12,164	10,264	8,762	5,111	13,373	14,573	15,359
Debt impairment	3	_	9	6	127	27	-	_	135	143	150
Depreciation & asset impairment	2	5,825	6,056	6,619	6,130	6,657	2,629	1,534	6,503	6,893	7,265
Finance charges		3,561	3,372	3,160	5,200	2,600	2,578	1,504	5,060	5,060	5,052
Bulk purchases	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other materials	8	57	267	122	755	385	574	335	966	1,028	1,084
Contracted services	1 1	989	1,608	2,335	5,337	2,974	1,989	1,160	5,781	6,133	6,465
Transfers and grants		113,355	115,633	179,054	448,040	600,006	271,843	158,575	432,917	184,030	193,647
Other expenditure Loss on discosal of PPE	4, 5	5,563	7,566	16,734	41,229	43,212	28,929	16,875	62,477	42,414	44,704
Total Expenditure	++	161,440	172.384	252,176	588.994	712.385	333,695	194,655	603,676	343.624	361,578
Incommendation of the control of the	+										1
Surplus/(Deficit)	1 1	142,137	134,536	69,957	(263,560)	(387,178)	59,940	34,965	(275,473)	(4,433)	(10,255
Transfers recognised - capital											
Contributions recognised - capital Contributed assets	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1 +	443.437	124 526	60.057	(202 FCA)	(207 420)	50.040	24.005	(075 470)	/4 4223	(40.055
Surplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers &	1 1	142,137	134,536	69,957	(263,560)	(387,178)	59,940	34,965	(275,473)	(4,433)	(10,255
contributions	1 1										
Taxation Susplan ((Deficit) after taxation	1 -	142,137	134,536	69,957	(263,560)	(387,178)	59,940	34,965	(275,473)	(4,433)	(10,255
Surplus/(Deficit) after taxation Apributable to minorities		142,137	134,336	09,93/	(203,360)	(307,178)	33,340	34,363	(213,413)	(4,433)	(10,233
	1 -	442 422	124 520	60.057	(262.500)	(207 470)	50.040	24.005	(275 /22)	(4.422)	(40.355
Surplus/(Deficit) attributable to municipality	7	142,137	134,536	69,957	(263,560)	(387,178)	59,940	34,965	(275,473)	(4,433)	(10,255
Share of surplus/ (deficit) of associate	1/	445.457	424.525		(262.555)	(207.425)	F0.011	24.555			//0
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year		142,137	134,536	69,957	(263,560)	(387,178)	59,940	34,965	(275,473)	(4,433)	(10,255

# Explanatory notes to Table A4 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure)

- 1. Total revenue is R325,307 million in 2012/13 and escalates to R360,543 million by 2014/15. This represents a year-on-year increase of 6.48 per cent for the 2012/13 financial year, 6.13 per cent for the 2013/14 and 4.46 per cent for the 2014/15 financial year.
- 2. Operating Grants form a significant percentage of the revenue basket for the District. In the 2012/13 financial year, the operating grants totalled R301 595 000 or 92.74 per cent. This increases to R320,117 million and R334,013 million in the respective financial years of the MTREF. Operating Grants includes the RSC Levy Replacement, local government equitable share and other operating grants from national government.
- 3. Investment revenue is the second largest revenue source totalling 6.83 per cent or R20,850 million and increases to R24,590 million by 2014/15. The third largest sources is 'other revenue' which consists of various items such as income received from discounts, sale of tender documents and sundry income.
- 4. The following graph illustrates the major expenditure items per type.

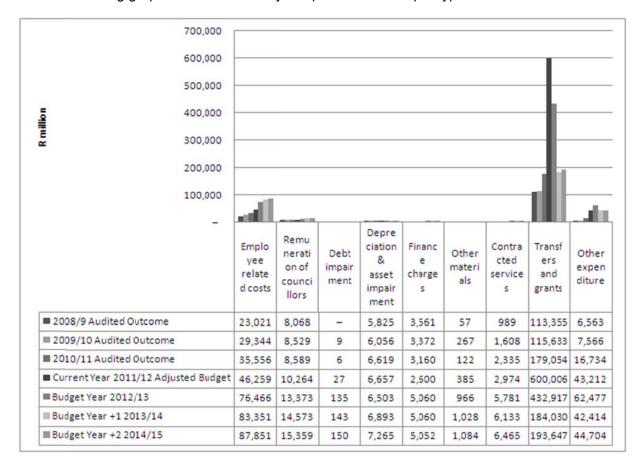


Figure 2 Expenditure by major type

5. Transfers and grants is the main expenditure type, which are the Contribution to Local Municipalities an amounts to R432,917 million for the 2012/13 financial year, This includes the new contributions of R132,090 million and the current commitments of R161,811 million. The Contribution to Local Municipalities can be summarised below.

Table 13 Contributions to Local Municipalities per municipality

## Detail not yet availabe

MUNICIPALITY	WATER	SEWER	ROADS & STORMWATE R	URBAN DEVELOP MENT	ELECTRICITY	OTHER	EPWP	NDM	TOTAL
1. Victor Khanye	1,500,000	-	8,000,000	-	-	2,300,000	3,500,000	7,650,000	11,150,000
2. DR. J S Moroka	7,520,000	6,000,000	10,000,000	-	-	-	13,520,000	10,000,000	23,520,000
3. Emalahleni	8,120,000	1,000,000	11,000,000	-	13,000,000	-	3,000,000	30,120,000	33,120,000
4. Steve Tshwete	12,370,000	7,000,000	-	-	-	2,800,000	10,970,000	11,200,000	22,170,000
5. Emakhazeni	3,500,000	-	4,000,000	-	560,000	2,300,000	-	10,360,000	10,360,000
6. Thembisile Hani	4,000,000	-	13,200,000	3,490,000	4,000,000	-	-	24,690,000	24,690,000
Total New Projects	37.010.000	14.000.000	46,200,000	3,490,000	17,560,000	7.400.000	30,990,000	94.020.000	125,010,000

The following table illustrates the contribution for local municipalities for the 2012/13, 2013/14 and 2014/15 financial years:

Table 14 Indicative - Contributions to Local Municipalities per municipality

Contribution to Local Municipalities New	Budget Year 2012/13	Budget Year +1 2013/14	Budget Year +2 2014/15
Victor Khanye	11,770,000.00	12,476,000.00	13,099,800.00
Dr JS Marokka	24,840,000.00	26,330,000.00	27,646,500.00
Emalahleni	34,970,000.00	37,068,000.00	38,921,400.00
Steve Tshwete	23,420,000.00	24,825,000.00	26,066,250.00
Emakahzeni	10,930,000.00	11,586,000.00	12,165,300.00
Thembisile	26,100,000.00	27,666,000.00	29,049,300.00

6. Employee related costs and contribution to local municipalities are the main cost drivers within the district.

Table 15 MBRR Table A5 - Budgeted Capital Expenditure by vote, standard classification and funding source

Vote Description	Ref	2008/9	2009/10	2010/11		Current Ye	ear 2011/12		100000000000000000000000000000000000000	ledium Term F enditure Frame	
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2012/13	Budget Year +1 2013/14	Budget Year +2 2014/15
Capital expenditure - Vote											
Multi-year expenditure to be appropriated	2										
Vote 1 - EXECUTIVE AND COUNCIL		- 1	-	_	- 1	-		-		-	-
Vote 2 - ADMINISTRATION		- 1	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Vote 3 - FINANCE	1 1	- 1	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	-	_
Vote 4 - SOCIAL SERVICES	1 1	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_		-
Vote 5 - Technical Services and PMU	1 1	- 1		-		_		_	_	_	_
			-	-		-	-		-	-	1
Vote 6 - LED AGENCY		-	-	-	-	-	1-1	-	-	-	-
Vote 7 - DPU AND IDP		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 8 - PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT CONTR	RBUT	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 9 - [NAME OF VOTE 9]		-	- 1	-	-	-	1-1	-	-	-	-
Vote 10 - [NAME OF VOTE 10]		-	-	-	-	-	1-1	-	-	-	-
Vote 11 - [NAME OF VOTE 11]	1 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 12 - [NAME OF VOTE 12]		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 13 - [NAME OF VOTE 13]	1 1	-	-		_	-		_	_	_	-
Vote 14 - [NAME OF VOTE 14]	1 1	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	-
										_	_
Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]		-			-		-	-	-		
Capital multi-year expenditure sub-total	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Single-year expenditure to be appropriated	2										
Vote 1 - EXECUTIVE AND COUNCIL		758	532	36	6,202	752	229	134	1,742	1,556	1,640
Vote 2 - ADMINISTRATION		8	45	42	189	189	121	71	126	133	140
Vote 3 - FINANCE	1 1	144	5	(0)	205	235	143	84	126	133	97
		-									
Vote 4 - SOCIAL SERVICES	1 1	5,354	2,385	2,149	24,886	24,186	1,710	997	29,127	6,387	6,731
Vote 5 - Technical Services and PMU		3,915	92	(5,175)	19,325	19,325	8,336	4,862	44,432	11,054	11,651
Vote 6 - LED AGENCY		-	-	-	41	41	4	2	19	20	21
Vote 7 - DPU AND IDP		-	-	-	110	40	17	10	170	180	189
Vote 8 - PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT CONTR	RIBUT	-	_	_	-	_		_	_	-	-
Vote 9 - [NAME OF VOTE 9]		-	_	_	-	_		_	120	_	-
Vote 10 - [NAME OF VOTE 10]		_	2		_	_	120	2		_	_
Vote 11 - [NAME OF VOTE 11]		7.00			129	_		_	_		_
Vote 12 - [NAME OF VOTE 11]		- 1	-			_		- 5			
		-	-			-				-	-
Vote 13 - [NAME OF VOTE 13]	1 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 14 - [NAME OF VOTE 14]		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]		-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital single-year expenditure sub-total	LI	10,179	3,058	(2,948)	50,938	44,768	10,560	6,160	75,718	19,421	20,470
Total Capital Expenditure - Vote		10,179	3,058	(2,948)	50,938	44,768	10,560	6,160	75,718	19,421	20,470
Capital Expenditure - Standard											10000
Governance and administration	1 1	910	581	78	6,596	1,176	494	288	1,971	1,781	1,877
Executive and council		758	532	36	6,202	752	229	134	1,742	1,556	1,640
Budget and treasury office		144	5	(0)	205	235	143	84	103	92	97
Corporate services		8	45	42	189	189	121	71	126	133	140
Community and public safety	1 1	5,354	2,385	2,149	24,886	24,186	1,710	997	29,127	6,387	6,731
Community and social services	1 1	5,354	2,385	2,149	24,886	24,186	1,710	997	29,127	6,387	6,731
Sport and recreation		.,	-,				10.000		1		
Public safety	1 1	1									
	1 1				=						İ
Housing	1 1					į.					
Health	1 1										0.00000
Economic and environmental services	1 1	3,915	92	(5,175)	19,475	19,405	8,357	4,875	44,620	11,253	11,861
Planning and development		3,915	92	(5,175)	19,475	19,405	8,357	4,875	44,620	11,253	11,861
Road transport											
Environmental protection	1 1										
Trading services	1 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electricity	1 1										
Water	1 1	1									
	1 1										
Waste water management	1 1										
Waste management											
Other	<u> </u>										
Total Capital Expenditure - Standard	3	10,179	3,058	(2,948)	50,938	44,768	10,560	6,160	75,718	19,421	20,470
Funded by:	1 1										
National Government											
Provincial Government									1		
District Municipality	1 1					1					
Other transfers and grants											
Transfers recognised - capital	4	-			-		-		-		
	5	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	_
Public contributions & donations	1 1										
Borrowing	6	3665550	8955000	533332	1 10000000	100000	190,000.00	55000	e section	i negata	100000000
Internally generated funds		10,179	3,058	(2,948)	50,938	44,768	10,560	6,160	75,718	19,421	20,470
Total Capital Funding	7	10,179	3,058	(2,948)	50,938	44,768	10,560	6,160	75,718	19,421	20,470

# Explanatory notes to Table A5 - Budgeted Capital Expenditure by vote, standard classification and funding source

- 1. Table A5 is a breakdown of the capital programme in relation to capital expenditure by municipal vote (multi-year and single-year appropriations); capital expenditure by standard classification; and the funding sources necessary to fund the capital budget, including information on capital transfers from national and provincial departments.
- 2. The MFMA provides that a municipality may approve multi-year or single-year capital budget appropriations. In relation to multi-year appropriations, for 2012/13 R75,718 million has been allocated of the total budget for capital expenditure and R19,421 million and R20,479 million for the 2013/14 and 2014/15 financial years respectively. The budget appropriations for the two outer years are indicative allocations based on the departmental business plans as informed by the IDP and will be reviewed on an annual basis to assess the relevance of the expenditure in relation to the strategic objectives and service delivery imperatives of the District. For the purpose of funding assessment of the MTREF.
- 3. The capital programme is funded from internally generated funds from current year surpluses and accumulated surplusses.

446,986

446,954

446,954

442,587

442,521

442,521

432,367

432,266

432,266

**NET ASSETS** 

Reserves

COMMUNITY WEALTH/EQUITY

Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit)

TOTAL COMMUNITY WEALTH/EQUITY

## Table 16 MBRR Table A6 - Budgeted Financial Position

515,547

516,547

516,547

648,026

648,026

648,026

722,427

722.427

722,427

205,092

466,009

466,009

DC31 Nkangala - Table A6 Budgeted Financial Position 2012/13 Medium Term Revenue & Description 2008/9 2009/10 2010/11 Current Year 2011/12 Expenditure Framework Audited Adjusted Full Year Budget Year | Budget Year | Budget Year Audited Audited Original Pre-audit R thousand 2012/13 +1 2013/14 +2 2014/15 Outcome Budget Budget Outcome Outcome Forecast outcome ASSETS Current assets 18,918 12.825 Cash 5,000 77,949 Call investment deposits 425,475 100,262 49,465 380,828 453,327 Consumer debtors 13,724 27,906 13,724 13.724 13,724 Other debtors 6,440 5,000 Current portion of long-term receivables 124,043 Total current assets 660,802 343,996 315,512 Non current assets Long-term receivables 7,313 8,185 35,464 8,185 35,464 35,464 35,464 Investments Investment property Investment in Associate Property, plant and equipment 3 80,880 79,902 88.332 155.547 168.075 181.279 Apricultural Biological Other non-current assets 88,193 88,087 121,796 8,185 191,011 203,539 216,743 Total non current assets TOTAL ASSETS 748,889 846,255 206,688 LIABILITIES Current liabilities Bank overdraft 6,089 6,422 6,653 5,060 5,060 5,052 Borrowing 4 61 039 61.039 29.258 36 245 61.039 61 039 Trade and other payables Provisions Total current liabilities Non current liabilities Borrowing 55,292 51.514 45.632 40,572 35,186 30.134 3.758 5.085 Provisions 6.841 Total non current liabilities 60,050 56,599 52,473 40,572 35,186 30,134 TOTAL LIABILITIES 96,575 100,863 123,828 1,597 110,334 104,948 99,888

## **Explanatory notes to Table A6 - Budgeted Financial Position**

- 1. Table A6 is consistent with international standards of good financial management practice, and improves understandability for councilors and management of the impact of the budget on the statement of financial position (balance sheet).
- 2. This format of presenting the statement of financial position is aligned to GRAP1, which is generally aligned to the international version which presents Assets less Liabilities as "accounting" Community Wealth. The order of items within each group illustrates items in order of liquidity; i.e. assets readily converted to cash, or liabilities immediately required to be met from cash, appear first.
- 3. Table A6 is supported by an extensive table of notes (SA3 which can be found on page 102) providing a detailed analysis of the major components of a number of items, including:
  - Call investments deposits;
  - Property, plant and equipment;
  - Trade and other payables;
  - Provisions non-current;
  - Changes in net assets; and
- 4. The municipal equivalent of equity is Community Wealth/Equity. The justification is that ownership and the net assets of the municipality belong to the community.
- 5. Any movement on the Budgeted Financial Performance or the Capital Budget will inevitably impact on the Budgeted Financial Position. As an example, the collection rate assumption will impact on the cash position of the municipality and subsequently inform the level of cash and cash equivalents at year end. Similarly, the collection rate assumption should inform the budget appropriation for debt impairment which in turn would impact on the provision for bad debt. These budget and planning assumptions form a critical link in determining the applicability and relevance of the budget as well as the determination of ratios and financial indicators. In addition the funding compliance assessment is informed directly by forecasting the statement of financial position.

Repayme

NET CASH FROM/(USED) FINANCING ACTIVITIES

NET INCREASE/ (DECREASE) IN CASH HELD

Cash/cash equivalents at the year begin

Cash/cash equivalents at the year end:

#### Table 17 MBRR Table A7 - Budgeted Cash Flow Statement

DC31 Nkangala - Table A7 Budgeted Cash Flows 2012/13 Medium Term Revenue & Description 2008/9 2009/10 2010/11 Current Year 2011/12 Expenditure Framework Budget Year | Budget Year | Budget Year Audited Audited Audited Original Adjusted Full Year Pre-audit R thousand 2012/13 +1 2013/14 +2 2014/15 Outcome Outcome Outcome Budget Budget Forecast outcome CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts 1,384 1,384 1,467 1,555 1,639 13,342 1,384 Ratepayers and other 269,775 284,772 301,595 301,595 301,595 219,378 303,175 312,661 323,360 Government - operating 251,825 Government - capital Interest 38,417 34,076 31,177 22,228 22,228 18,657 10,883 23,562 24,975 26,324 Dividends **Payments** (127,413) (72,265) (165,434) (165,434) (75,000 Suppliers and employees (3,744) (100,006) (3,536) (3,353) 179,054) (3,000) (3,000) (438,126) Finance charges (2,578 (1,504)(5,060 (5,060 (5,052 (158,575 (432.917 Transfers and Grants 184,030 NET CASH FROM/(USED) OPERATING ACTIVITIES 137,432 60,339 67,461 (281,352) (281,352) 41,058 9,542 (109,773) 150,102 152,624 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Receipts Proceeds on disposal of PPE Decrease (Increase) in non-current debtors 93 Decrease (increase) other non-current receivables Decrease (increase) in non-current investments 2,000 (872) (27,279 10,000 10,000 **Payments** NET CASH FROM/(USED) INVESTING ACTIVITIES (6,160) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Receipts Short term loans Borrowing long term/refinancing Increase (decrease) in consumer deposits **Payments** 

## Table 18 MBRR Table A8 - Cash Backed Reserves/Accumulated Surplus Reconciliation

(5,651

21,759

444.393

466,152

(2,200)

(319,559)

466,152

146.592

(5,200)

(331,320)

466,152

134.832

(5,200)

35,298

146,592

181.890

(5,200

(1,818)

466,152

464.333

(5,060)

(180,551)

181,890

1.339

(5,060)

125,621

1,339

126,960

(5,052)

127,102

126,960

254.062

DC31 Nkangala - Table A8 Cash backed reserves/accumulated surplus reconciliation

(5,068)

125,396

269,050

394,446

(4,444)

49,947

394,446

444.393

Description	Ref	2008/9 Audited Outcome	2009/10 Audited Outcome	2010/11  Audited Outcome		Current Ye	ar 2011/12		2012/13 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework			
R thousand					Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2012/13	Budget Year +1 2013/14	Budget Year +2 2014/15	
Cash and investments available												
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end	1	394,446	444,393	466,152	146,592	134,832	181,890	464,333	1,339	126,960	254,062	
Other current investments > 90 days		-	0	0	(141,592)	(134,832)	(181,890)	(464,333)	106,663	(41,271)	(196,857)	
Non current assets - Investments	1	7,313	8,185	35,464	8,185	-	-	-	35,464	35,464	35,464	
Cash and investments available:		401,759	452,578	501,616	13,185	- 1	-	-	143,466	121,153	92,669	
Application of cash and investments Unspent conditional transfers Unspent borrowing		601	809	688	-	-	-	-	688	688	688	
Statutory requirements	2											
Other working capital requirements	3	22,215	5,824	46,718	(4,654)	-	-	-	47,577	47,577	47,577	
Other provisions												
Long term investments committed	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Reserves to be backed by cash/investments	5	460										
Total Application of cash and investments:		23,276	6,633	47,406	(4,654)	- 1	-	-	48,265	48,265	48,265	
Surplus(short/all)		378,484	445,945	454,210	17,839	- 1	-	-	95,201	72,888	44,404	

## **Explanatory notes to Table A7 - Budgeted Cash Flow Statement**

- 1. The budgeted cash flow statement is the first measurement in determining if the budget is funded.
- 2. It shows the expected level of cash in-flow versus cash out-flow that is likely to result from the implementation of the budget.
- 3. It can be seen that the cash levels of the District raised from R394,446 million over the 2008/09 to R466,152 million in 2010/11 period owing directly to a net increase in cash for the 2009/10 and 2010/11 financial years of R175.4 million.
- 4. The approved 2011/12 MTREF provide for a further net decrease in cash of R319,559 million for the 2011/12 financial year resulting in an overall projected positive cash position of R146,592 million at year end.
- 5. Cash and cash equivalents totals R1.339 million as at the end of the 2012/13 financial year and escalates to R254,062 million by 2014/15.

# Explanatory notes to Table A8 - Cash Backed Reserves/Accumulated Surplus Reconciliation

- 1. The cash backed reserves/accumulated surplus reconciliation is aligned to the requirements of MFMA Circular 42 Funding a Municipal Budget.
- 2. In essence the table evaluates the funding levels of the budget by firstly forecasting the cash and investments at year end and secondly reconciling the available funding to the liabilities/commitments that exist.
- 3. The outcome of this exercise would either be a surplus or deficit. A deficit would indicate that the applications exceed the cash and investments available and would be indicative of non-compliance with the MFMA requirements that the municipality's budget must be "funded".
- 4. Non-compliance with section 18 of the MFMA is assumed because a shortfall would indirectly indicate that the annual budget is not appropriately funded.
- 5. From the table it can be seen that for the period 2008/09 to 2010/11 the surplus raised from R378,484 million to R454,210 million.
- 6. Considering the requirements of section 18 of the MFMA, it can be concluded that the adopted 2011/12 MTREF was sufficiently funded.
- 7. As part of the budgeting and planning guidelines that informed the compilation of the 2012/13 MTREF the end objective of the medium-term framework was to ensure the budget is funded aligned to section 18 of the MFMA.

## Table 19 MBRR Table A9 - Asset Management

Description	Ref	2008/9	2009/10	2010/11	Cui	rrent Year 2011	/12		ledium Term F nditure Frame	
R thousand		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2012/13	Budget Year +1 2013/14	+2 2014/15
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE		40.70	0.070	(0.040)	FA 838	44.700		25.240	40.404	20.470
Total New Assets Infrastructure - Road transport	1	10,179	3,058	(2,948)	50,938	44,768	10,560	75,718	19,421	20,470
Infrastructure - Electricity		= =		1 -	_	-	140	_	2	12
Infrastructure - Water		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure - Sanitation		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Infrastructure - Other Infrastructure										-
Community		-				-	-	_	-	_
Heritage assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment properties		. 5.				-	-		-	
Other assets	6	10,179	3,058	(2,948)	50,938	44,768	10,550	75,718	19,421	20,470
Agricultural Assets Biological assets			-	-		-	_		-	-
Intangibles		2	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-
Total Renewal of Existing Assets	2								-	-
Infrastructure - Road transport	-		_	-	2	-	_		-	-
Infrastructure - Electricity		2	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Infrastructure - Water		-	-	-		-	-	_	-	
Infrastructure - Sanitation Infrastructure - Other		- 1		-		-	-			-
Infrastructure - Other										<u> </u>
Community		_	-	_	_	-	-	_	-	-
Hentage assets			-	-	2	-	-	0	-	1 -
Investment properties		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Other assets Agricultural Assets	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Biological assets			-			-			-	-
Intangibles		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		_
Total Capital Expenditure	4									
Infrastructure - Road transport			-	12		-	-		-	-
Infrastructure - Electricity		~	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1 -
Infrastructure - Water		-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	1.7
Infrastructure - Sanitation Infrastructure - Other				-	-	-	-		-	
Infrastructure										-
Community		-	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	
Heritage assets		~	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Investment properties Other assets		10,179	3.058	(2,948)	50,938	44,768	10,550	75,718	19.421	20,470
Agricultural Assets		10,175	3,030	(2,540)	30,530	44,700	10,350	73,710	15,421	20,470
Biological assets		0	-			-			_	_
Intangibles		-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL CAPITAL EXPENDITURE - Asset class	2	10,179	3,058	(2,948)	50,938	44,768	10,560	75,718	19,421	20,470
ASSET REGISTER SUMMARY - PPE (WDV)	5									
Infrastructure - Road transport Infrastructure - Electricity Infrastructure - Water Infrastructure - Sanitation			1,034	3,348	3,348	3,348	3,348	3,348	3,348	3,348
Infrastructure - Other										
Infrastructure		-	1,034	3,348	3,348	3,348	3,348	3,348	3,348	3,348
Community		1	27	8,980	8,980	8,980	8,980	8,980	8,980	8,980
Hentage assets Investment properties		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_
Other assets		80,878	78,841	74,004	74,004	74,004	74,004	143,219	155,747	168,951
Agricultural Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Biological assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intangibles	_		70.000	- 00.000	- 00 222			-	- 400.035	
TOTAL ASSET REGISTER SUMMARY - PPE (WD	5	80,880	79,902	86,332	86,332	86,332	86,332	155,547	168,075	181,279
EXPENDITURE OTHER ITEMS		5,825	6,056	6.619	6.130	6.657	2,629	6,503	6,893	7,265
Depreciation & asset impairment Repairs and Maintenance by Asset Class	3	989	1,608	2,335	5,337	2,974	1,989	5,781	6,133	6,465
Infrastructure - Road transport		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure - Electricity		-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure - Water		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure - Sanitation Infrastructure - Other						-			- :	-
Infrastructure										l
Community		2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
Heritage assets	П	-	-	-	1.5	-	-	-	-	-
Investment properties		-		-	-	2.074		-	-	6 405
Other assets TOTAL EXPENDITURE OTHER ITEMS	6, 7	6,814	1,608 7,664	2,335 8,954	5,337 11,467	2,974 9,631	1,989 4,618	5,781 12,284	6,133 13,027	6,465
	П									
Renewal of Existing Assets as % of total capex Renewal of Existing Assets as % of deprecn"		0.0%	0.096	0.096	0.0%	0.096	0.096	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	. 1					3 200000				
R&M as a % of PPE Renewal and R&M as a % of PPE		1.2%	2.0%	2.796	0.096	0.0%	0.0%	3.7%	3.6%	3.696

## **Explanatory notes to Table A9 - Asset Management**

- 1. Table A9 provides an overview of municipal capital allocations to building new assets and the renewal of existing assets, as well as spending on repairs and maintenance by asset class.
- 2. National Treasury has recommended that municipalities should allocate at least 40 per cent of their capital budget to the renewal of existing assets, and allocations to repairs and maintenance should be 8 per cent of PPE. The District does not meet both these recommendations as the District move into new office buildings in 2006.

# Part 2 - Supporting Documentation

## 2.1 Overview of the annual budget process

Section 53 of the MFMA requires the Mayor of the municipality to provide general political guidance in the budget process and the setting of priorities that must guide the preparation of the budget. In addition Chapter 2 of the Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations states that the Mayor of the municipality must establish a Budget Steering Committee to provide technical assistance to the Mayor in discharging the responsibilities set out in section 53 of the Act.

The Budget Steering Committee consists of the MMC for Finance, Municipal Manager and senior officials of the municipality meeting under the chairpersonship of the Mayor.

The primary aims of the Budget Steering Committee are to ensure:

- that the process followed to compile the budget complies with legislation and good budget practices;
- that there is proper alignment between the policy and service delivery priorities set out in the District's IDP and the budget, taking into account the need to protect the financial sustainability of municipality;
- that the municipality's revenue strategies ensure that the cash resources needed to deliver services are available; and
- that the various spending priorities of the different municipal departments are properly evaluated and prioritised in the allocation of resources.

#### 2.1.1 Budget Process Overview

In terms of section 21 of the MFMA the Mayor is required to table in Council ten months before the start of the new financial year (i.e. in August 2011) a time schedule that sets out the process to revise the IDP and prepare the budget.

The Mayor tabled in Council the required the IDP and budget time schedule on 4 May 2011. Key dates applicable to the process were:

- August 2011 Joint strategic planning session of the Mayoral Committee and Executive Management. Aim: to review past performance trends of the capital and operating budgets, the economic realities and to set the prioritisation criteria for the compilation of the 2012/13 MTREF;
- January and February 2012 Detail departmental budget proposals (capital and operating) submitted to the Budget and Treasury Office for consolidation and assessment against the financial planning guidelines;
- **6 to 10 February 2012** Review of the financial strategy and key economic and financial planning assumptions by the Budget Steering Committee. This included financial forecasting and scenario considerations;
- **29 February 2012** Council considers the 2011/12 Mid-year Review and Adjustments Budget;
- March 2012 Recommendations of the Mayoral Committee are communicated to the Budget Steering Committee, and on to the respective departments. The draft 2012/13 MTREF is revised accordingly;

- 23 March 2012 Tabling in Council of the draft 2012/13 IDP and 2012/13 MTREF to Mayoral committee;
- **28 March 2012** Tabling in Council of the draft 2012/13 IDP and 2012/13 MTREF for public consultation;
- 19 April 2012 Budget Indaba;
- 4 May 2012 Closing date for written comments;
- 7 to 18 May 2012 finalisation of the 2012/13 IDP and 2012/13 MTREF, taking into
  consideration comments received from the public, comments from National Treasury,
  and updated information from the most recent Division of Revenue Bill and financial
  framework; and
- **30 May 2012** Tabling of the 2012/13 MTREF before Council for consideration and approval.

## 2.1.2 IDP and Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan

This is the first review of the IDP as adopted by Council in May 2011. It started in September 2011 after the tabling of the IDP Process Plan and the Budget Time Schedule for the 2012/13 MTREF in August.

The District's IDP is its principal strategic planning instrument, which directly guides and informs its planning, budget, management and development actions. This framework is rolled out into objectives, key performance indicators and targets for implementation which directly inform the Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan. The Process Plan applicable to the fourth revision cycle included the following key IDP processes and deliverables:

- Registration of community needs;
- Compilation of departmental business plans including key performance indicators and targets:
- Financial planning and budgeting process:
- Public participation process;
- Compilation of the SDBIP, and
- The review of the performance management and monitoring processes.

The IDP has been taken into a business and financial planning process leading up to the 2012/13 MTREF, based on the approved 2011/12 MTREF, Mid-year Review and adjustments budget. The business planning process has subsequently been refined in the light of current economic circumstances and the resulting revenue projections.

With the compilation of the 2012/13 MTREF, each department/function had to review the business planning process, including the setting of priorities and targets after reviewing the mid-year and third quarter performance against the 2011/12 Departmental Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan. Business planning links back to priority needs and master planning, and essentially informed the detail operating budget appropriations and three-year capital programme.

#### 2.1.3 Financial Modelling and Key Planning Drivers

As part of the compilation of the 2012/13 MTREF, extensive financial modelling was undertaken to ensure affordability and long-term financial sustainability. The following key factors and planning strategies have informed the compilation of the 2012/13 MTREF:

- District growth
- Policy priorities and strategic objectives
- Asset maintenance
- Economic climate and trends (i.e inflation, household debt, migration patterns)
- Performance trends
- The approved 2011/12 adjustments budget and performance against the SDBIP
- Cash Flow Management Strategy
- Debtor payment levels
- Investment possibilities
- Improved and sustainable service delivery

In addition to the above, the strategic guidance given in National Treasury's MFMA Circulars 51, 54, 55 and 58 has been taken into consideration in the planning and prioritisation process.

#### 2.1.4 Community Consultation

The draft 2012/13 MTREF as tabled before Council on 28 March 2012 for community consultation will be published on the municipality's website, and hard copies will be made available at customer care offices, municipal notice boards and various libraries.

All documents in the appropriate format (electronic and printed) will be provided to National Treasury, and other national and provincial departments in accordance with section 23 of the MFMA, to provide an opportunity for them to make inputs.

Local Municipalities were utilised to facilitate the community consultation process from 12 February to 7 April 2012, and included six public briefing sessions and the Budget Indaba on the 19 April 2012. The applicable dates and venues will be published in all the local newspapers and on average attendance of 150 were recorded per meeting. This is up on the previous year's process. This can be attributed to the additional initiatives that were launched during the consultation process, including the specific targeting of ratepayer associations. Individual sessions were scheduled with organised business and Imbizo's were held to further ensure transparency and interaction. Other stakeholders involved in the consultation included churches, non-governmental institutions and community-based organisations.

Submissions received during the community consultation process and additional information regarding revenue and expenditure and individual capital projects will be addressed, and where relevant considered as part of the finalisation of the 2012/13 MTREF. Feedback and responses to the submissions received are available on request. The following are some of the issues and concerns raised as well as comments received during the consultation process:

• Capital expenditure is not allocated to the areas in the same ratio as the income derived from those areas. This is a normal practice in a collective taxation environment. The

District is responsible for managing the equitable use of resources to ensure that constitutional imperative to progressively improve basic services in undeveloped areas is realized in a sustainable manner over a reasonable period of time;

- Several complaints were received regarding poor service delivery, especially the state of road infrastructure and slow implementation of projects in local municipalities;
- Poor performance of contractors relating to infrastructure development and maintenance especially in the areas of road construction and maintenance were raised;
- Environmental problems of the mines and climate change;
- High levels of poverty and unemployment.

## 2.2 Overview of alignment of annual budget with IDP

The Constitution mandates local government with the responsibility to exercise local developmental and cooperative governance. The eradication of imbalances in South African society can only be realized through a credible integrated developmental planning process.

Municipalities in South Africa need to utilise integrated development planning as a method to plan future development in their areas and so find the best solutions to achieve sound long-term development goals. A municipal IDP provides a five year strategic programme of action aimed at setting short, medium and long term strategic and budget priorities to create a development platform, which correlates with the term of office of the political incumbents. The plan aligns the resources and the capacity of a municipality to its overall development aims and guides the municipal budget. An IDP is therefore a key instrument which municipalities use to provide vision, leadership and direction to all those that have a role to play in the development of a municipal area. The IDP enables municipalities to make the best use of scarce resources and speed up service delivery.

Integrated developmental planning in the South African context is amongst others, an approach to planning aimed at involving the municipality and the community to jointly find the best solutions towards sustainable development. Furthermore, integrated development planning provides a strategic environment for managing and guiding all planning, development and decision making in the municipality.

It is important that the IDP developed by municipalities correlate with National and Provincial intent. It must aim to co-ordinate the work of local and other spheres of government in a coherent plan to improve the quality of life for all the people living in that area. Applied to the District, issues of national and provincial importance should be reflected in the IDP of the municipality. A clear understanding of such intent is therefore imperative to ensure that the District strategically complies with the key national and provincial priorities.

The aim of this revision cycle was to develop and coordinate a coherent plan to improve the quality of life for all the people living in the area, also reflecting issues of national and provincial importance. One of the key objectives is therefore to ensure that there exists alignment between national and provincial priorities, policies and strategies and the District's response to these requirements.

The national and provincial priorities, policies and strategies of importance include amongst others:

Green Paper on National Strategic Planning of 2009;

- Government Programme of Action;
- Development Facilitation Act of 1995;
- Provincial Growth and Development Strategy (GGDS);
- National and Provincial spatial development perspectives;
- Relevant sector plans such as transportation, legislation and policy;
- National Key Performance Indicators (NKPIs);
- Accelerated and Shared Growth Initiative (ASGISA);
- National 2014 Vision;
- National Spatial Development Perspective (NSDP) and
- The National Priority Outcomes.

The Constitution requires local government to relate its management, budgeting and planning functions to its objectives. This gives a clear indication of the intended purposes of municipal integrated development planning. Legislation stipulates clearly that a municipality must not only give effect to its IDP, but must also conduct its affairs in a manner which is consistent with its IDP. The following table highlights the IDP's five strategic objectives for the 2011/12 MTREF and further planning refinements that have directly informed the compilation of the budget:

#### **IDP Strategic Objectives**

- Local Economic Development
- Infrastructure Development and Service Delivery
- Institutional Development and Municipal Transformation
- Good Governance and Public Participation
- Build more united, non-racial, integrated and safer communities;
- Financial Viability
- Ensure more effective, accountable and clean Local Government that works together with National and Provincial Spheres of Government.

In order to ensure integrated and focused service delivery between all spheres of government it was important for the District to align its budget priorities with that of national and provincial government. All spheres of government place a high priority on infrastructure development, economic development and job creation, efficient service delivery, poverty alleviation and building sound institutional arrangements.

Local priorities were identified as part of the IDP review process which is directly aligned to that of the national and provincial priorities. The key performance areas can be summarised as follows against the five strategic objectives:

- 1. Provision of quality basic services and infrastructure which includes, amongst others:
  - Provide electricity;
  - o Provide water;
  - Provide sanitation;
  - Provide waste removal;
  - Provide housing;
  - o Provide roads and storm water;
  - Provide public transport;
  - o Provide district planning services; and
  - o Maintaining the infrastructure of the District.

- 2. Economic growth and development that leads to sustainable job creation by:
  - Ensuring the is a clear structural plan for the District;
  - o Ensuring planning processes function in accordance with set timeframes;
  - Facilitating the use of labour intensive approaches in the delivery of services and the building of infrastructure.
- 3.1 Fight poverty and build clean, healthy, safe and sustainable communities:
  - Working with strategic partners such as SAPS to address crime;
  - Ensuring save working environments
  - o Promote viable, sustainable communities through proper zoning; and
  - Promote environmental sustainability by protecting wetlands and key open spaces.
  - o Implementing initiatives to reduce the effect of climate change.
- 3.2 Integrated Social Services for empowered and sustainable communities
  - Work with provincial departments to ensure the development of community infrastructure such as schools and clinics is properly co-ordinated with the informal settlements upgrade programme
- 4. Foster participatory democracy and Batho Pele principles through a caring, accessible and accountable service by:
  - o Optimising effective community participation in the ward committee system; and
  - o Implementing Batho Pele in the revenue management strategy.
- 5.1 Promote sound governance through:
  - Publishing the outcomes of all tender processes on the municipal website
- 5.2 Ensure financial sustainability through:
  - Reviewing the use of contracted services
  - Continuing to implement the infrastructure renewal strategy and the repairs and maintenance plan
- 5.3 Optimal institutional transformation to ensure capacity to achieve set objectives
  - Review of the organizational structure to optimize the use of personnel;

In line with the MSA, the IDP constitutes a single, inclusive strategic plan for the District. The five-year programme responds to the development challenges and opportunities faced by the District by identifying the key performance areas to achieve the five the strategic objectives mentioned above.

Lessons learned with previous IDP revision and planning cycles as well as changing environments were taken into consideration in the compilation of the fourth revised IDP, including:

- Strengthening the analysis and strategic planning processes of the District;
- Ensuring better coordination through a programmatic approach and attempting to focus the budgeting process through planning interventions; and
- Strengthening performance management and monitoring systems in ensuring the objectives and deliverables are achieved.

The 2012/13 MTREF has therefore been directly informed by the IDP revision process and the following tables provide a reconciliation between the IDP strategic objectives and operating revenue, operating expenditure and capital expenditure.

# Table 20 MBRR Table SA4 - Reconciliation between the IDP strategic objectives and budgeted revenue

DC31 Nkangala - Supporting Table SA4 Reconciliation of IDP strategic objectives and budget (revenue) 2012/13 Medium Term Revenue & Goal Strategic Objective Goal 2008/9 2009/10 2010/11 Current Year 2011/12 Expenditure Framework Code Audited Audited Audited Original Adjusted Full Year Budget Year Budget Year Budget Year R thousand Outcome Outcome Outcome Budget Budget Forecast 2012/13 +1 2013/14 +2 2014/15 Good governance Issue 1, 4 Financial viability Issue 3 303,576 306,921 322,133 325,207 393,273 328,204 351,323 Institutional Development Issue 6, 7,8,9,10,11, 18, 19 Issue 12, 13, 14, 17 Service Delivery Local Economic Development Issue 15, 20 Issue 5, 16 Integrated development planning and cooperative Government Allocations to other priorities Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions) 303,577 306,920 322,133 325,434 325,207 399,304 328,204 339,191 351,323

Table 21 MBRR Table SA5 - Reconciliation between the IDP strategic objectives and budgeted operating expenditure

DC31 Nkangala - Supporting Table SA5 Reconciliation of IDP strategic objectives and budget (operating expenditure)

Strategic Objective	Goal	Goal Code	Ref	2008/9	2009/10	2010/11	Cui	rrent Year 2011	/12		ledium Term R nditure Frame	
R thousand			IVEI	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2012/13	Budget Year +1 2013/14	Budget Year +2 2014/15
Good governance	Issue 1, 4			25,514	27,332	30,077	44,304	47,169	29,050	53,336	48,245	50,569
Financial viability	Issue 3			14,832	12,711	17,049	32,918	38,188	26,610	32,887	31,761	32,821
Institutional Development	Issue 2			5,174	5,393	6,464	12,385	10,380	2,384	12,614	13,636	14,372
Social Development	Issue 6, 7,8,9,10,11, 18, 19			7,143	9,684	12,890	37,183	33,798	18,036	47,518	37,672	39,707
Service Delivery	Issue 12, 13, 14, 17			104,855	108,583	172,485	428,903	529,694	240,725	385,371	164,571	173,793
Local Economic Development	Issue 15, 20			2,491	3,533	6,387	24,393	33,194	5,161	43,250	25,751	27,142
Integrated development planning and occiperative Government	Issue 5, 16			1,431	5,148	6,823	19,877	20,187	11,730	28,701	21,987	23,174
Allocations to other prioriti	es											
Total Expenditure			1	161,440	172,384	252,176	599,964	712,612	333,695	603,676	343,624	361,57

Table 22 MBRR Table SA6 - Reconciliation between the IDP strategic objectives and budgeted capital expenditure

DC31 Nkangala - Supporting Table SA6 Reconciliation of IDP strategic objectives and budget (capital expenditure)

Strategic Objective	Goal	Goal Code	Ref	2008/9	2009/10	2010/11		rrent Year 2011	/12		ledium Term R nditure Frame	work
R thousand			ixei	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2012/13	Budget Year +1 2013/14	Budget Yea +2 2014/15
Good governance	Issue 1, 4	A	Water Street	758	532	36	6,202	752	229	134	1,742	1,556
Financial viability	Issue 3	В		144	5	(0)	205	235	143	84	103	92
Institutional Development	Issue 2	С		8.	45	42	189	189	121	71	126	133
Social Development	Issue 6, 7,8,9,10,11, 18, 19	D		5,354	2,385	2,149	24,866	24,186	1,710	997	29,127	6,387
Service Delivery	Issue 12, 13, 14, 17	Ε		3,915	92	(5,175)	19,325	19,325	8,336	4,862	44,432	11,054
Local Economic Development	Issue 15, 20	F		-	-	-	41	41	4	2	19	20
Integrated development planning and cooperative	Issue 5, 16	G	Mark Mark	-	-	-	110	40	17	10	170	180
Goverment		Н										
		ſ										
		J										
		к										
		ι										
		м										
		N										
		0										
		P	A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR									
Allocations to other prioritie	es		3									
Total Capital Expenditure			1	10,179	3,058	(2,948)	50,938	44,768	10,560	6,160	75,718	19,42

#### 2.3 Measurable performance objectives and indicators

Performance Management is a system intended to manage and monitor service delivery progress against the identified strategic objectives and priorities. In accordance with legislative requirements and good business practices as informed by the National Framework for Managing Programme Performance Information, the District has developed and implemented a performance management system of which system is constantly refined as the integrated planning process unfolds. The Municipality targets, monitors, assesses and reviews organisational performance which in turn is directly linked to individual employee's performance.

At any given time within government, information from multiple years is being considered; plans and budgets for next year; implementation for the current year; and reporting on last year's performance. Although performance information is reported publicly during the last stage, the performance information process begins when policies are being developed, and continues through each of the planning, budgeting, implementation and reporting stages. The planning, budgeting and reporting cycle can be graphically illustrated as follows:

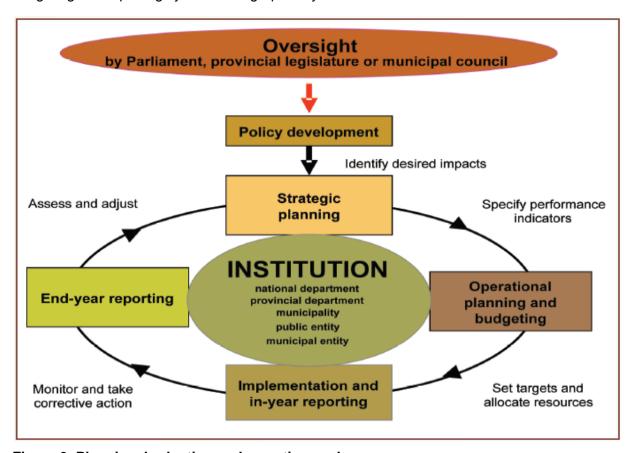


Figure 3 Planning, budgeting and reporting cycle

The performance of the District relates directly to the extent to which it has achieved success in realising its goals and objectives, complied with legislative requirements and meeting stakeholder expectations. The District therefore has adopted one integrated performance management system which encompasses:

- Planning (setting goals, objectives, targets and benchmarks);
- Monitoring (regular monitoring and checking on the progress against plan);
- Measurement (indicators of success);
- Review (identifying areas requiring change and improvement);
- Reporting (what information, to whom, from whom, how often and for what purpose); and
- Improvement (making changes where necessary).

The performance information concepts used by the District in its integrated performance management system are aligned to the *Framework of Managing Programme Performance Information* issued by the National Treasury:

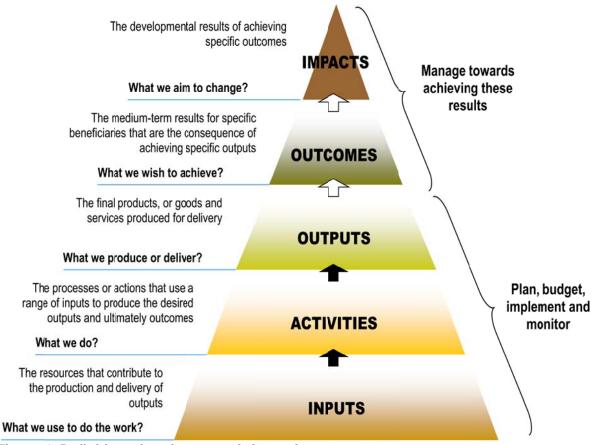


Figure 4 Definition of performance information concepts

The following table provides the main measurable performance objectives the municipality undertakes to achieve this financial year.

Table 23 MBRR Table SA7 - Measurable performance objectives

	1	2007/8	2008/9	2009/10	Cuu	rrent Year 2010	V11	2011/12 N	ledium Term F	Revenue &
Description	Unit of measurement	Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year		Budget Year	
KPA1: Infrastructure Development and	medadrement	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2011/12	+1 2012/13	+2 2013/14
Service Delivery										
Strategic Priority 3 Inclusive										
Programme to build Economic and										
Social Infrastructure To promote sustainable Rural										
Development across the District										
Progress report on Land Reform Programme	]							1		
Progress Report on implementation of the	1							1		
To promote an integration between										
Spatial Planning and Transportation										
Planning to achieve sustainable										
Human Settlements										
Revised Physical Planning Strategy								1		
Report on status of LUMS across the District										
Progress Report on implementation of the								2		
Strategy										
Report on the mentorship Programme								1		
Progress report on the implementation of the Strategy								2		
Progress report on the implementation of the								1		
Plan										
To ensure that every household has security of lenure by 2015										
Progress report on upgrading of Land Tenure								2		
Projects										
To establish an integrated fully										
operational web-based GIS throughout the District										
Progress reports on implementation of GIS								4		
Strategy										
Strategic Priority 9 Sustainable Resource Management and Use										
To ensure provision of adequate										
portable water to all by within NDM by										
2015										
Council Resolution accompanied by the revised Water Master Plan								1		
Report on Free basic water provision								4		
To ensure provisioning of adequate										
Sanitation to all within NDM BY 2015	5									
Report on Free basic sanitation provision  To facilitate an efficient, competitive								4		
and responsive economic										
infrastructure network across the										
District										
Report on implementation of capital projects  To provide an effective and								4		
sustainable Infrastructure										
maintenance Plans										
Report on the status of water purification and								2		
To ensure provision of adequate										
portable water to all by within NDM by										
2015										
Report on blue drop certification for WSAs								2		
To ensure provisioning of adequate Sanitation to all within NDM BY 2015										
Report on blue drop certification for WSAs										
To ensure provision of Electricity to										
all communities by 2012										
Report on support provided to Local  Municipalities								2		
To facilitate increased mobility and										
accessibility across the District										
Report on road maintenance in Thembisile								4		
Hani Local Municipality  Report on standardized road specification								1		
Report on standardised road specification  Review Road maintenance function in										
Thembisile Hani Local Municipality										
Report on capacity of Thembisile Hani Local Municipality road maintenance								1		
managemy resemble delication										

	0.000	2007/8	2008/9	2009/10	Cu	rrent Year 2010	0/11	2011/12 N	ledium Term F	Revenue &
Description	Unit of measurement	Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year		Budget Year	
	measurement	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2011/12	+1 2012/13	+2 2013/14
KPA 2: Local Economic Development  Strategic Priority 1 Speeding up growth										
and transforming the Economy to create										
decent work and sustainable livelihoods										
To grow the District Economy to										
achieve year - on - year growth rate										
Council Resolutions accompanied the								2		
requisite Economic Development Strategies										
Feasibility study for the LED initiatives								2		
Report on Strategic Partnerships established								2		
Report on Development of respective Sectors								· ·		
Progress Report on implementation of the								2		
Growth and Development Summit										
Agreements										
Report on approved planning application								2		
Progress report on implementation of the								3		
Resolutions of the Summit										
Council Resolution accompanied by the new								1		
Growth Path										INTOCONO
To ensure efficient, competitive and										
responsive economic infrastructure										
network  An extract from the SDF on Commuter Rail								1		
Corridor										
To halve Poverty and Unemployment										
by 50% by 2015										
Report on number of jobs created through								2		
Capital Projects								9		
Report on the level of poverty in the District								1		
Strategic Priority 3: Comprehensive Rural Development Strategy linked to										
Land and Agrarian reform and food										
security										
To facilitate availability of Land for										
Economic Development										
Report on State Land transferred to								1		
Municipalities for Economic Development  To facilitate creation of vibrant,										
equitable and sustainable rural										
communities and food security										
Council Resolution accompanied by the								1		
Strategy										
Report on Rural Development initiatives in the								3		
To facilitate availability of Land for										
Economic Development										
Progress report on transfer of state Land								2		
within Dr JS Moroka and Thembisile Hani										
To ensure adequate transport systems										
for the efficient movement of people										
& goods  Council Resolution accompanied by Road								1		
Safety Strategy										
Freight Management /IMS/HAZMAT								1		
To integrate Public Transport services										
by 2015										
Report on provisioning of multi-modal Public								1		
Transport										
Council Resolutions accompanied by the Public Service Plans								1		
Strategic Priority 7 Building cohesive,	1									
caring and sustainable communities										
To facilitate upbringing of skilled,										
healthy and vibrant youth in the										
district										
Report on establishment of Youth								2		
Cooperatives										

	Unit of	2007/8	2008/9	2009/10	Cu	rrent Year 201	0/11	2011/12 N	ledium Term F	Revenue &
Description	measurement	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2011/12	Budget Year +1 2012/13	Budget Year +2 2013/14
KPA 3: Financial Viability										
Strategic Priority 9 Sustainable Resource Nanagement and Use										
To strengthen the administrative and Financial capacity of the District										
Reports on Financial Performance of LMs	1							4		
Report on shared services	1							2		
Quarterly Financial Reports	1							4		
Monthly Financial Reports	1							12		
Report on Budget Regulation implementation	1							4		
Report on the Audit opinions of all Municipalities in the District								1		
Council Resolutions accompanied by Revised Policies								2		
To improve effectiveness in Municipal Revenue generation and Financial Management										
Progress Report on installation of Water Metres								2		

	Unit of	2007/8	2008/9	2009/10	Cu	rrent Year 201	0/11	2011/12 N	ledium Term F	Revenue &
Description	measurement	Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Year
	illeasurement	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2011/12	+1 2012/13	+2 2013/14
KPA 4: Institutional Deployment and										
Municipal Transformation										
Strategic Priority 4 Strengthen the Skills										
and Human Resource Base										
To entrench a culture of Development-										
oriented Municipal Governance and										
inclusive citizenship										
Report on functionality of Sectoral Fora within								5		
the District										
Report on the Status of the District's PMS								1		
Report on number of LMs having adopted								1		
Performance Management Framework										
Facilitate improvement of the local										
supply of critical and scarce skills in										
order to reduce reliance on imported										
skills and create more opportunities										
for the communities to take up										
available opportunities										
Resolution accompanied by the revised								1		
employment equity Plan										
Council Resolution accompanied by revised								1		
HRD Strategy										
Report on training of personnel towards								2		
attainment of minimum competencies								1023		
Number of interns employed by the District								3		
Lobbying the Private Sector to Adopt										
Local Schools and organise										
campaigns to ascertain the "Future										
after Grade 12"										
Report on number of learners recruited								1		
through the Learnership programme										
Strategic Priority 5 Improve the Health										
Profile of all South Africans										
To ensure sustained building of a										
Healthy Team within the employ of										
Nkangala										
Report on implementation of the EAP								1		
Strategic Priority 6 Intensify the fight										
against Crime and Corruption										
To facilitate creation of ethically										
efficient, effective, excellent and										
sustainable Organization										
Progress report on implementation of Fraud								1		
and Corruption Policies										

		2007/8	2008/9	2009/10	Cu	rrent Year 201	0/11	2011/12 N	ledium Term F	Revenue &
Description	Unit of measurement	Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Year
		Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2011/12	+1 2012/13	+2 2013/14
KPA 4: Institutional Deployment and Municipal Transformation										
Strategic Priority 10: Building a										
Developmental State including										
improvement of Public Services and										
Strengthening Democratic Institutions.										
To ensure a responsive, accountable,										
effective and efficient Local										
Governance system										
Council Resolution accompanied by the	1							1		
Framework Plan										
Report on IDP Analysis by CGTA	1							1		
Report on participation of Ward Committees	-							2		
in the Municipal IDP and Budget processes								_ '		
Strategic Priority 6 Intensify the fight										
against Crime and Corruption										
To advocate for the achievement of										
universal access to quality basic										
education										
								2		
Report on District Education Indaba/Expo								-		
Strategic Priority 10: Building a										
Developmental State including										
improvement of Public Services and										
Strengthening Democratic Institutions										
To advocate finalisation of										
outstanding matters pertaining to										
powers, duties and functions between										
the three spheres of government										
	-							2		
Report on interactions held	-									
Report on Organizational Study								1		
To facilitate the process of ensuring										
cooperation between traditional										
leadership and municipal councils										
within -the District -										
Report on participation in Council meetings								3		
To Strengthen Participatory										
Governance throughout the District										
Attendance Registers and Minutes of the								4		
meeting	-									
Attendance Registers and Minutes of the								4		
meeting										
To facilitate creation of a pool of										
skilled and capable workforce to										
support inclusive growth	-							١,		
Report on appointment of interns								1		
Report on Work Study								1		
To continually review and ensure										
optimal usage of all the ICT systems										
with Nkangala District Municipality viz										
GIS, EDMS, Intranet, Website,										
financial and HR and project										
management systems and other										
systems										
Minutes of the Steering Committee with								4		
signed Attendance registers										
Report on Support and capacitating of ICT								1		
users										
Report on Maintenance of ICT systems										
Report on the Upgrade of NDM Website								1		
Installation of network cables and voice/ data	1									
facilities at Kwallfhlanga fire station										
Report on Implementation and maintenance	1							1		
of DRP/BCP										
UI DITA DOP										

12 - 12 - 12	Unit of	2007/8	2008/9	2009/10	Cu	rrent Year 201	0/11	2011/12 N	ledium Term f	Revenue &
Description	measurement	Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Yea
	meddarement	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2011/12	+1 2012/13	+2 2013/14
KPA 5: Good Governance and Public										
Participation										
Strategic Priority 7 Building Cohesive	1									
caring and Sustainable Communities.										
To facilitate the upbringing of skilled,										
healthy and vibrant Youth and Women										
in the District										
Council Resolution on Women Summit								1		
Report/Women Summit Implementation										
Report										
Report on progress made towards the								6		
implementation of the summit resolutions										
Report on participation of Women in the IDP								1		
processes										
Comprehensive Report on participation of								1		
Youth of Municipal IDP Processes										
To facilitate the upbringing of skilled,										
healthy and vibrant Youth in the										
District								1		
Council approved strategy										
Programme of action								4		
Council resolutions on the Youth Summit								1		
report	Į.									
To ensure mainstreaming of										
designated groups through										
Integrated Planning within the										
District								2		
Report on the soccer tournament	5							2		
To facilitate creation of awareness of										
cultural diversity								1		
Database of names to be added to the								1		
cenotaph										
Copy of Appointment Letter										
Council Resolution								1		
Council Resolution								1		
accompanied by the Close-up report of the										
Indaba										
Council Resolution								4		
Council Resolution accompanied by the close-								1		
up report on Moral Regeneration										

	Unit of	2007/8	2008/9	2009/10	Cu	rrent Year 201	0/11	2011/12 N	ledium Term f	Revenue &
Description	measurement	Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Year
		Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2011/12	+1 2012/13	+2 2013/14
KPA 5: Good Governance and Public Participation										
To ensure provision and standardization of fire services within the District										
Quarterly Report on the functionality of the								4		
District Disaster Management Centre To ensure provision and standardization of fire services within the District										
An approved strategy								1		
Attendance Registers Report on procurement of equipment in support to LMs								6		
Progress reports on construction of the Station								2		
Report on Training programme								3		
Report on awareness programme								4		
Strategic Priority 6 Intensify the fight against Crime and Corruption										
To minimize the level of District's Risk exposure										
Council Resolution on the risk assessment								1		
Council resolution accompanied by the plan								1		
Strategic Priority 5: Improve the Health profile of the South African										
Ensure appropriate Municipal Health Services are effectively and equitably rendered in all the Municipalities within the District										
6 Appointment letters								6		
Report on No of samples conducted  To reduce the impact of HIV/AIDS in the District								Minimum of 200 samples Programme of		
DAC Induction Report	as .							action adopted		

		2007/8	2008/9	2009/10	Cu	rrent Year 2010	0/11	2011/12 N	fedium Term F	Revenue &
Description	Unit of measurement	Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year			Budget Year
	measarement	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2011/12	+1 2012/13	+2 2013/14
KPA 5: Good Governance and Public Participation										
Strategic Priority 9 Sustainable		,								
Resource Nanagement and Use										
To facilitate protection and										
enhancement of Environmental										
sustainability  Council Resolution accompanied by the EMP	U.									
Report										
The Report on the Section 78 Investigation								1		
and Implementation Plan on AEL Function										
completed										
Appointment of a Service Provider in respect										
of NDM Climate Change Management and Mitigation Strategy										
Climate Change Summit Report noted by								1		
Council										
To facilitate creation of waste free										
neighbourhoods across the District										
A minimum of 2 strategies from the NDM's								2		
Integrated Waste Management Plan (IWMP) implemented.										
A minimum of 2 of NDM's								2		
Integrated Waste Management Plan (IWMP)										
strategies on waste collection equipment and										
vehicles implemented.										
A minimum of 2 of NDM's SOER								2		
recommendations fully implemented								-		
Strategic Priority 3 Inclusive										
Programme to build Economic and										
Social Infrastructure										
To facilitate sustainable Human Settlement and improved quality of										
household life										
Report on % of land used for housing across								2		
the District										
Council Resolution accompanied by the								1		
strategy document  Council Resolution accompanied by the										
revised IHST								· '		
Strategic Priority 10: Building a										
Developmental State including										
improvement of Public Services and										
Strengthening Democratic Institutions.  To Strengthen Participatory										
Governance throughout the District										
Report on the launch of WC								1		
Report on the training of WCs								1		
The second second								3		
Consolidated Quarterly WC Reports received										
Report on the WC & CDWs Conference								1		
Report on integration of CDWs within WCs								1		
Reports on Community Outreach Programme								2		
To ensure effective Branding of NDM										
and communication will all its										
stakeholders										
Copies of the advertisements										
Copies of the compiled and distributed								5		
District Wide Newsletter								2		
Report on development of Promotional Items and Brochure								2		
Revised Communication and community								1		
participation Strategy										

The following table sets out the municipalities main performance objectives and benchmarks for the 2012/13 MTREF.

Table 24 MBRR Table SA8 - Performance indicators and benchmarks

	Santa Daniela umbera -	2008/9	2009/10	2010/11		Current Y	ear 2011/12			edium Term F nditure Frame	
Description of financial indicator	Basis of calculation	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2012/13	Budget Year +1 2013/14	Budget Year +2 2014/15
Borrowing Management											
Credit Rating											
Capital Charges to Operating Expenditure	Interest & Principal Paid /Operating Expenditure	5.3%	4.5%	3.5%	1.3%	1,1%	2.3%	3,4%	1.7%	2.9%	2.8%
Capital Charges to Own Revenue	Finance charges & Repayment of borrowing /Own Revenue	16.7%	21.1%	23.6%	31,3%	33.0%	44.3%	65.4%	40.4%	38.1%	36.1%
Borrowed funding of 'own' capital expenditure		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Safety of Capital											
Gearing	Long Term Borrowing/ Funds & Reserves	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Liquidity											
Current Ratio	Current assets/current liabilities	14.4	14.9	10.2	124.3	-	-	-	5.3	4.9	4.5
Current Ratio adjusted for aged debtors	Current assets less debtors > 90 days/current liabilities	14.4	14.9	10.2	124.3	-	-	-	5.3	4.9	4.5
Liquidity Ratio	Monetary Assets/Current Liabilities	10.8	10.0	6.5	3.1	_	-	0.40	1.5	1.2	0.8
Revenue Management  Annual Debtors Collection Rate (Payment	Last 12 Mths Receipts/Last 12 Mths		100.7%	106.1%	99.3%	93.1%	93.1%	-129.5%	102.7%	93.1%	93.1%
Level %) Current Debtors Collection Rate (Cash	Billing		100.0%	106.1%	99.3%	93.1%	93.1%	-129.5%	102.7%	93.1%	93.1%
receipts % of Ratepayer & Other revenue)										2000000	1 SANSTER
Outstanding Dibtors to Revenue	Total Outstanding Debtors to Annual Revenue	2.1%	9.1%	4.3%	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	4.2%	4.0%	3.9%
Longstanding Debtors Recovered	Debtors > 12 Mths Recovered/Total Debtors > 12 Months Oil										
Creditors Management											
Creditors System Efficiency	% of Creditors Paid Within Terms (within MFMA's 65(e))										
Creditors to Cash and Investments		7.3%	8.0%	12.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	4508.4%	47.5%	23.8%
Other Indicators											
Electricity Distribution Losses (2)	% Volume (units purchased and generated less units sold)/units purchased and generated										
Water Distribution Losses (2)	% Volume (units purchased and own source less units sold)/Total units purchased and own source										
Employee costs	Employee costs/(Total Revenue - capital	7.6%	9.6%	11.0%	21.5%	14.2%	4.2%	4.2%	23.3%	24.6%	25.0%
Remuneration	revenue) Total remuneration/(Total Revenue -	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Repairs & Maintenance	capital revenue) R&M/(Total Revenue excluding capital	0.3%	0.5%	0.7%	1.6%	0.9%	0.5%		1,8%	1.8%	1.8%
Finance charges & Depreciation	revenue) FC&D/(Total Revenue - capital revenue)	3.1%	3.1%	3.0%	3.5%	2.8%	1.3%	1.3%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%
IDP regulation financial viability indicators											
i. Debt coverage	(Total Operating Revenue - Operating Grants)/Debt service payments due within financial year)	1.3	1.0	1.5	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.4	0.8	0.8	0.9
ii. O/S Service Debtors to Revenue	Total outstanding service debtors/annual	2980.7%	13117.2%	5191.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
iii. Cost coverage	revenue received for services (Available cash + Investments)/monthly	142.5	128.3	110.2	16.4	21.8	60.1	292.9	0.1	12.5	23.8

## 2.3.1 Performance indicators and benchmarks

## 2.3.1.1 Borrowing Management

Capital expenditure in local government can be funded by capital grants, own-source revenue and long term borrowing. The ability of a municipality to raise long term borrowing is largely

dependent on its creditworthiness and financial position. As with all other municipalities, Nkangala District Municipality's borrowing strategy is primarily informed by the affordability of debt repayments. The structure of the District's debt portfolio is dominated by annuity loans. The following financial performance indicators have formed part of the compilation of the 2012/13 MTREF:

- Borrowing to asset ratio is a measure of the long-term borrowing as a percentage of the total asset base of the municipality. While this ratio is decreasing over the MTREF from 8.9 per cent in 2012/13 to 7.9 per cent in 2014/15, it needs to be noted that the increased capital grants and transfers has contributed to the decrease and must not be considered a measure on borrowing capacity in isolation of other ratios and measures.
- Capital charges to operating expenditure is a measure of the cost of borrowing in relation to the operating expenditure. It can be seen that the cost of borrowing has steadily decreased from 5.3 per cent in 2008/09 to 1.1 per cent in 2011/12. This decrease can be attributed to the fact that the District decided not to take up more loans. It is estimated that the cost of borrowing as a percentage of the operating expenditure will stabilise at 2.8 per cent at the end of the MTREF.
- Borrowing funding of own capital expenditure measures the degree to which own capital expenditure (excluding grants and contributions) has been funded by way of borrowing. The average over MTREF is 40.4 per cent.

The District's debt profile provides some interesting insights on the District's future borrowing capacity. Firstly, the use of amortising loans leads to high debt service costs at the beginning of the loan, which declines steadily towards the end of the loan's term.

In summary, various financial risks could have a negative impact on the future borrowing capacity of the municipality. In particular, the continued ability of the District to meet its revenue targets and ensure its forecasted cash flow targets are achieved will be critical in meeting the repayments of the debt service costs.

#### 2.3.1.2 Safety of Capital

The debt-to-equity ratio is a financial ratio indicating the relative proportion of equity and debt used in financing the municipality's assets. The indicator is based on the total of loans, creditors and tax provisions as a percentage of funds and reserves. In the 2010/11 financial year the ratio is at a level 15.6 per cent and remains relatively stable at 14.6 in the 2014/15 financial year.

#### 2.3.1.3 Liquidity

Current ratio is a measure of the current assets divided by the current liabilities and as a benchmark the District has set a limit of 1, hence at no point in time should this ratio be less than 1. The 2010/11 current ratio of the District is 10.2 per cent. For the 2012/13 MTREF the current ratio is 5.3 in the 2012/13 financial year and 4.9 and 4.5 for the two outer years of the MTREF respectively.

• The liquidity ratio is a measure of the ability of the municipality to utilize cash and cash equivalents to extinguish or retire its current liabilities immediately. Ideally the municipality should have the equivalent cash and cash equivalents on hand to meet at least the current liabilities, which should translate into a liquidity ratio of 1. Anything below 1 indicates a shortage in cash to meet creditor obligations. For the 2011/12 financial year the ratio was 3.1 and as part of the financial planning strategy it has been increased to 3.1 in the 2012/13 financial year.

#### 2.3.1.4 Revenue Management

 With the abolishment of the RSC Levies the outstanding debtors has declined to a point where the total outstanding debtors to annual revenue is very positive. The estimated ratio for 2012/13 is 1.5 per cent and remains stable at 1.4 per cent for the two outer years.

#### 2.3.1.5 Creditors Management

The District has managed to ensure that creditors are settled within the legislated 30 days of invoice. While the liquidity ratio is of concern, by applying daily cash flow management the municipality has managed to ensure a 100 per cent compliance rate to this legislative obligation. This has had a favourable impact on suppliers' perceptions of risk of doing business with the District, which is expected to benefit the District in the form of more competitive pricing of tenders, as suppliers compete for the District's business.

#### 2.3.1.6 Other Indicators

- Employee costs as a percentage of operating revenue continues to remain stable at 23.3 per cent for the 2012/13 budget year and 25.0 for the 2014/15 budget year.
- Repairs and maintenance as percentage of operating revenue is very low as the District has only the office building and Thembisile Hani roads as infrastructure assets.
- The filling of vacancies has commenced and the Finance department will embark on a training programme to ensure compliance with minimum competency requirements;

#### 2.4 Overview of budget related-policies

The District's budgeting process is guided and governed by relevant legislation, frameworks, strategies and related policies.

#### 2.4.1 Review of credit control and debt collection procedures/policies

The Credit Control and Debt Collection Policy as approved by Council in October 2003 and will be review in the 2012/13 year. While the adopted policy is credible, sustainable, manageable and informed by affordability and value for money there has been a need to review certain components to achieve a higher collection rate. Some of the possible revisions will include the lowering of the credit periods for the down payment of debt.

The 2012/13 MTREF has been prepared on the basis of achieving an average debtors' collection rate of 99 per cent on debtors. In addition the collection of debt in excess of 90 days has been prioritised as a pertinent strategy in increasing the District's cash levels.

#### 2.4.2 Asset Management Policy

The asset management policy was adopted by Council in August 2002. The policy prescribes the accounting and administrative policies and procedures relating to property, plant and equipment. The depreciation and capitalization of assets are dealt with in terms of this policy.

Provision has been made to review all budget related policies in the 2011/12 year.

## 2.4.3 Supply Chain Management Policy

The Supply Chain Management Policy was adopted by Council in October 2006. An amended policy will be adopted by Council in August 2008. The policy provides for processes to be followed in the procurement of goods and services. The principles of this policy is to give effect to a fair, equitable, transparent, competitive and cost effective system for the procurement of goods and services, disposing of goods and selection of contractors in the provision of municipal services.

A service provider has been appointed to assist with the review of the Supply Chain Management Policy.

#### 2.4.4 Budget and Virement Policy

The Budget and Virement Policy aims to empower senior managers with an efficient financial and budgetary amendment and control system to ensure optimum service delivery within the legislative framework of the MFMA and the District's system of delegations. The Budget and Virement Policy will be considered by Council in 2011/12.

#### 2.4.5 Cash Management and Investment Policy

The policy provides for the management of cash and investment of surplus funds. The aim of the policy is to ensure that surplus cash and investments are adequately managed especially the funds set aside for the cash banking of certain reserves. The policy details the minimum cash and cash equivalents required at any point in time and introduce time frames to achieve certain benchmarks. This policy was adopted by Council in March 2005

#### 2.4.6 Donation Policy

The policy provides for the conditions and procedures for which donations can be made and accounted for.

## 2.4.7 Fraud and Corruption Prevention Policy

The policy provides for the mitigating, preventing, and reporting any corrupt or fraudulent activities.

All the above policies are available on the District's website, as well as the following budget related policies:

- Budget Allocation to local municipalities;
- Accounting Policies;
- Asset Capitalisation Policy;
- Audit Chater:
- Vehicle replacement Policy;
- Subsistence Policy:
- Performance Bonus Policy;
- EPWP leanership Programme;

## 2.5 Overview of budget assumptions

#### 2.5.1 External factors

The *Medium Term Budget Policy Statement 2011* notes that in recent months the domestic economy has lost momentum as a result of the disruption to world economic activity following the Japanese tsunami, domestic strike activity and moderating household consumption. In the first quarter of 2011, the economy grew at 4.5 per cent on an annual basis. In the second quarter, growth slowed to 1.3 per cent. Real GDP is now expected to grow by 3.1 per cent in 2011 – a downward revision from the 3.4 per cent forecast in the 2011 Budget.

The labour market remains sluggish. Formal sector non-agricultural employment is just 2.6 per cent higher than its low in March 2010. Unemployment increased from 21.8 per cent in the fourth quarter of 2008 to 25.7 per cent in the second quarter of 2011. This figure does not capture the estimated 2.2 million workers who have stopped looking for work.

#### Headline inflation forecasts:

Financial	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014				
Year	Actual	Estimate	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast				
Headline CPI	3.3%	5.0%	5.4%	5.6%	5.4%				
Source: Medium Term budget Policy Statement 2011									

## 2.5.2 General inflation outlook and its impact on the municipal activities

There are five key factors that have been taken into consideration in the compilation of the 2012/13 MTREF:

- National Government macro economic targets;
- The general inflationary outlook and the impact on District's residents and businesses:
- The impact of municipal cost drivers; and
- The period of the Salary and Wage Collective Agreement 2009/10 to 2011/2012 has come to an end. In the absence of other information from the South African Local

Government Bargaining Council, municipalities were advised to budget for a 5 per cent cost-of-living increase adjustment, to be implemented with effect from July 2012 (in-line with the increase proposed in the 2011 MTBPS).

#### 2.5.3 Credit rating outlook

Table 25 Credit rating outlook

Security class	Currency	Rating	Annual rating 2009/10	Previous Rating
National Short Term	Rand	F1+	31 March 2011	F1
National Long Term	Rand	AA-	31 March 2011	AA-
International	ZAR	BBB+	31 March 2011	BBB+

The Districts credit rating was done by Fitch Ratings, an international credit rating firm. Fitch's Ratings provide a relative measure of creditworthiness for rated entities in countries with relatively low international sovereign ratings and where there is demand for such ratings. The best risk within a country is rated 'AAA' and other credits are rated only relative to this risk. National ratings are designed for use mainly by local investors in local markets and are signified by the addition of an identifier for the country concerned, such as 'AAA(zaf)' for National ratings in South Africa.

#### 2.5.4 Interest rates for borrowing and investment of funds

The MFMA specifies that borrowing can only be utilised to fund capital or refinancing of borrowing in certain conditions. The District engaged in a number of financing arrangements to minimise its interest rate costs and risk. However, in 2012/13 MTREF is based on the assumption that no additional borrowings are undertaken.

#### 2.5.5 Collection rate for revenue services

The rate of revenue collection is currently expressed as a percentage (99 per cent) of budgeted income. Cash flow is assumed to be 99 per cent of budgeted income.

#### 2.5.6 Salary increases

The collective agreement regarding salaries/wages came into operation on 1 July 2009 and shall remain in force until 30 June 2012. Year three is an across the board increase of 8.54 per cent.

#### 2.5.7 Impact of national, provincial and local policies

Integration of service delivery between national, provincial and local government is critical to ensure focussed service delivery and in this regard various measures were implemented to

align IDPs, provincial and national strategies around priority spatial interventions. In this regard, the following national priorities form the basis of all integration initiatives:

- Creating jobs;
- Enhancing education and skill development;
- Improving Health services;
- Rural development and agriculture; and
- Fighting crime and corruption.

To achieve these priorities integration mechanisms are in place to ensure integrated planning and execution of various development programs. The focus will be to strengthen the link between policy priorities and expenditure thereby ensuring the achievement of the national, provincial and local objectives.

## 2.5.8 Ability of the municipality to spend and deliver on the programmes

It is estimated that a spending rate of at least 97 per cent is achieved on operating expenditure and 98 per cent on the capital programme for the 2012/13 MTREF of which performance has been factored into the cash flow budget.

## 2.6 Overview of budget funding

#### 2.6.1 Medium-term outlook: operating revenue

The following table is a breakdown of the operating revenue over the medium-term:

Table 26 Breakdown of the operating revenue over the medium-term

Description	2008/9	2009/10	2010/11		Current Ye	ear 2011/12			edium Term F nditure Frame	
R thousands	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2012/13	Budget Year +1 2013/14	Budget Year +2 2014/15
Financial Performance	1									
Property rates				1-	-	1	1-1	-	-	
Service charges	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment revenue	38,401	34,074	31,136	22,125	22,125	18,628	10,866	23,453	24,860	26,202
Transfers recognised - operational	251,840	269,952	284,772	301,822	301,595	376,076	219,378	303,175	312,661	323,360
Other own revenue	13,336	2,893	6,225	1,487	1,487	(1,069)	(624)	1,576	1,671	1,761
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)	303,577	306,920	322,133	325,434	325,207	393,635	229,620	328,204	339,191	351,323

The following graph is a breakdown of the operational revenue per main category for the 2012/13 financial year.

400,000 350,000 300,000 thousands 250,000 200,000 150,000 100,000 50,000 Current 2009/1 2010/1 Year 2008/9 Budget Budget Budget 0 1 2011/1 Audited Year Year +1 Year +2 Audited Audited 2 2013/1 Outcom 2012/1 2014/1 Outcom Outcom Adjuste 3 4 5 e d e e Budget Investment revenue 34,074 38,401 31,136 22,125 23,453 24,860 26,202 ■ Transfers recognised - operational 251,840 269,952 284,772 301,595 303,175 312,661 323,360 ■ Other own revenue 2,893 6,225 1,487 1,576 1,761 13,336 1,671 ■ Total Revenue (excluding capital 303,577 325,207 306,920 322,133 328,204 339,191 351,323 transfers and contributions)

Figure 5 Breakdown operating revenue over the 2012/13 MTREF of

Operating Grants form a significant percentage of the revenue basket for the District. In the 2012/13 financial year, the operating grants totalled R303,175 million or 92.37 per cent. This increases to R312,661 million and R323,360 million in the respective financial years of the MTREF.

Investment revenue is the second largest revenue source totalling 7.15 per cent or R23,453 million and increases to R26,202 million by 2014/15. The third largest sources is 'other

revenue' which consists of various items such as income received from discounts, sale of tender documents and sundry income

The tables below provide detail investment information and investment particulars by maturity.

#### Table 27 MBRR SA15 – Detail Investment Information

DC31 Nkangala - Supporting Table SA15 Investment particulars by type

Investment type		2008/9	2009/10	2010/11	Cur	rent Year 2011	1/12		ledium Term R nditure Frame	
R thousand	Ref	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2012/13	Budget Year +1 2013/14	+2 2014/15
Parent municipality Securities - National Government Listed Corporate Bonds Deposits - Bank Deposits - Public Investment Commissioners Deposits - Corporation for Public Deposits Bankers Acceptance Certificates Negotiable Certificates of Deposit - Banks Guaranteed Endowment Policies (sinking) Repurchase Agreements - Banks Municipal Bonds		388,142	433,660	488,791	8,185	÷	-	135,726	113,413	84,929
Municipality sub-total  Entities  Securities - National Government Listed Corporate Bonds Deposits - Bank Deposits - Public Investment Commissioners Deposits - Public Investment Commissioners Deposits - Corporation for Public Deposits Bankers Acceptance Certificates Negotiable Certificates of Deposit - Banks Guaranteed Endowment Policies (sinking) Repurchase Agreements - Banks	¥=	388,142	433,660	488,791	8,185	-		135,726	113,413	84,929
Entities sub-lotal		-	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Consolidated total:	1	388,142	433,660	488,791	8,185		i -	135,726	113.413	84,929

#### Table 28 MBRR SA16 – Investment particulars by maturity

Investments by Maturity	Rd	Period of Investment	Type of Investment	Capital Guarantee (Yes/ No)	Variable or Fixed interest rate	Interest Rate 3.	Commission Faid (Rands)	Commission Recipient	Expiry date of investment	Monetary value	Interest to be realised
Name of institution & investment ID	1	Yrs/Months							400000000000000000000000000000000000000	Rand the	bneeu
Parent municipality						1-10-10-10					
5 Mayor Banks 5 Mayor Banks 5 Mayor Banks Invested Invested		Call 30 days 50 - 90 Days 5 years 5 Years	Call 30 Days 50 - 90 Days Long term Long term	yes yes yes yes yes	fixed fixed fixed fixed Variable	545%-5.5% 5.55%-5.6% 5.5%-5.65% 11.73% 8.28%-9.77%	No No No No No		Cell 30 days 50 - 90 Days 30-Jun-13 07 September 2015	180,843 157,706 97,000 9,105 36,354	51 2,96
Municipality sub-total										471,008	3,48
Entities							7				
Entities sub-total	1									-	-
TOTAL INVESTMENTS AND INTEREST	1									471,008	3,48

For the medium-term, the funding strategy has been informed directly by ensuring financial sustainability and continuity. The MTREF therefore provides for a budgeted surpluses be invested. This surplus is intended to partly fund contribution to local municipalities from own sources as well as ensure adequate cash backing of reserves and funds.

Operating Grants form a significant percentage of the revenue basket for the District. In the 2012/13 financial year, the operating grants totalled R303,175 million or 92.37 per cent. This

increases to R312,661 million and R323,360 million in the respective financial years of the MTREF. Operating Grants includes the RSC Levy Replacement, local government equitable share and other operating grants from national government.

Investment revenue is the second largest revenue source totalling 7.15 per cent or R23,453 million and increases to R26,202 million by 2014/15. The third largest sources is 'other revenue' which consists of various items such as income received from discounts, sale of tender documents and sundry income.

The following table is a detailed analysis of the District's borrowing liability.

## Table 29 MBRR Table SA 17 - Detail of borrowings

Borrowing - Categorised by type	Ref	2008/9	2009/10	2010/11	Cu	rrent Year 2011	1/12		edium Term R nditure Frame	
R thousand		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2012/13	Budget Year +1 2013/14	Budget Year +2 2014/15
Parent municipality										
Long-Term Loans (annuity/reducing balance)		56,292	51,514	45,632	-	-	-	40,572	35,186	30,134
Long-Term Loans (non-annuity)			İ	- 6						
Local registered stock			İ							
Instalment Credit			İ							
Financial Leases			İ							
PPP liabilities										
Finance Granted By Cap Equipment Supplier										
Marketable Bonds										
Non-Markerable Bonds										
Bankers Acceptances										
Financial derivatives										
Other Securities										
Municipality sub-total	1	56,292	51,514	45,632	-	-	-	40,572	35,186	30,134
Entities				_						
Long-Term Loans (annuity/reducing balance)										
Long-Term Loans (non-annuity)										
Local registered stock										
Instalment Credit										
Financial Leases										
PPP liabilities										
Finance Granted By Cap Equipment Supplier										
Marketable Bonds										
Non-Marketable Bonds										
Bankers Acceptances										
Financial derivatives										
Other Securities										
Entities sub-total	1	-	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Borrowing	1	56,292	51,514	45,632				40,572	35.186	30,134

The following graph illustrates the growth in outstanding borrowing for the 2008/08 to 2014/15 period.

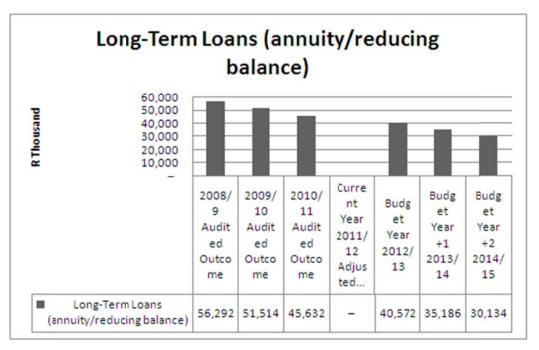


Figure 6 Decline in outstanding borrowing (long-term liabilities)

Table 30 MBRR Table SA 18 - Capital transfers and grant receipts

DC31 Nkangala - Supporting Table SA18 Transfers and grant receipts 2012/13 Medium Term Revenue & 2008/9 Description Ref 2010/11 Current Year 2011/12 Expenditure Framework Audited Audited Original Full Year Audited Adjusted Budget Year Budget Year Budget Year R thousand Outcome Outcome Outcome Budget Budget Forecast 2012/13 +1 2013/14 +2 2014/15 RECEIPTS: Operating Transfers and Grants 251.840 284 772 301 595 376.076 303 175 312661 323 360 National Government: 269 952 301 822 23,386 Local Government Equitable Share 19,468 19,468 RSC Levy Replacement 239,308 256.825 350,366 280,681 289,101 297,774 265,446 272,506 272,506 750 1,000 1.250 1.250 680 1,250 1.500 1.250 Finance Management Municipal Systems Improvement 735 750 1.000 1.433 1,000 1.000 1.000 950 7,598 7,371 1,214 1,616 529 Other transfers/grants [insert description] Provincial Government: Other transfers/grants [insert description] District Municipality: [insert description] Other grant providers: 5 251,840 284,772 376.076 312.661 Total Operating Transfers and Grants 269,952 301.822 301,595 303,175 323,360 Capital Transfers and Grants National Government: Other capital transfers/grants [insert desc] Provincial Government: Other capital transfers/grants [insert District Municipality: [insert description] Other grant providers: [insert description] Total Capital Transfers and Grants TOTAL RECEIPTS OF TRANSFERS & GRANTS 251,840 269,952 284,772 301,822 301,595 376,076 303,175 312,661 323,360

## 2.6.2 Cash Flow Management

Cash flow management and forecasting is a critical step in determining if the budget is funded over the medium-term. The table below is consistent with international standards of good financial management practice and also improves understandability for councillors and management. Some specific features include:

Clear separation of receipts and payments within each cash flow category;

- Clear separation of capital and operating receipts from government, which also enables
  cash from 'Ratepayers and other' to be provide for as cash inflow based on actual
  performance. In other words the actual collection rate of billed revenue., and
- Separation of borrowing and loan repayments (no set-off), to assist with MFMA compliance assessment regarding the use of long term borrowing (debt).

Table 31 MBRR Table A7 - Budget cash flow statement

Description	Ref	2008/9	2009/10	2010/11		Current Ye	ar 2011/12			ledium Term F enditure Frame	
R thousand		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2012/13	Budget Year +1 2013/14	Budget Year +2 2014/15
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES											
Receipts	1 1										
Ratepayers and other		13,342	3,070	6,184	1,384	1,384	1,384	(640)	1,467	1,555	1,639
Government- operating	1	251,825	269,775	284,772	301,595	301,595	301,595	219,378	303,175	312,661	323,360
Government- capital	1										
Interest		38,417	34,076	31,177	22,228	22,228	18,657	10,883	23,562	24,975	26,324
Dividends	1 1						-				
Payments	1 1										
Suppliers and employees		(62,401)	(127,413)	(72,265)	(165,434)	(165,434)	(75,000)	(60,000)			
Finance charges		(3,744)	(3,536)	(3,353)	(3,000)	(3,000)	(2.578)	(1.504)	(5,060)	(5,060)	(5.052
Transfers and Grants	1	(100,006)	(115,633)	(179,054)	(438, 126)	(438, 126)	(203,000)	(158.575)	(432,917)	(184,030)	(193,647
NET CASH FROM/(USED) OPERATING ACTIVIT	IES	137,432	60,339	67,461	(281,352)	(281,352)	41,058	9,542	(109,773)	150,102	152,624
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Receipts Proceeds on disposal of PPE Decrease (increase) in non-current dectors Decrease (increase) other non-current investments Decrease (increase) in non-current investments Payments Caoital assess	S	93 2,000 (9.062)	(872) (5.076)	(27,279)	(36,007)	(44,768)	10,000	(6.160)	10,000	(19.421)	(20,470
NET CASH FROM/(USED) INVESTING ACTIVITI	ES	(5,969)	(5,948)	(40,051)	(36,007)	(44,768)	(560)	(6,160)	(65,718)	(19,421)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Receipts Short term loans Borrowing long term/refinancing Increase (decrease) in consumer deposits Payments Recoverent of borrowing		(5.068)	(4.444)	(5.651)	(2,200)	(5,200)	(5,200)	(5,200)	(5.060)	(5.060)	(5,052
	IEC	The state of the s		4-1	The second secon		The second secon		The state of the s		
NET CASH FROM/(USED) FINANCING ACTIVIT	IES	(5,068)	(4,444)	(5,651)	(2,200)	(5,200)	(5,200)	(5,200)	(5,060)	(5,060)	(5,052
NET INCREASE/ (DECREASE) IN CASH HELD		125,396	49,947	21,759	(319,559)	(331,320)	35,298	(1,818)	(180,551)	1	127,102
Cash/cash equivalents at the year begin:	2	269,050	394,446	444,393	466,152	466,152	146,592	466,152	181,890	1,339	126,960
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end:	2	394,446	444,393	466,152	146,592	134,832	181,890	464,333	1,339	126,960	254,062

The budgeted cash flow statement is the first measurement in determining if the budget is funded.

It shows the expected level of cash in-flow versus cash out-flow that is likely to result from the implementation of the budget.

It can be seen that the cash levels of the District raised from R394,446 million over the 2008/09 to R466,152 million in 2010/11 period.

The approved 2011/12 MTREF provide for a further net decrease in cash of R319,559 million for the 2011/12 financial year resulting in an overall projected positive cash position of R146,592 million at year end.

Cash and cash equivalents totals R1,339 million as at the end of the 2012/13 financial year and escalates to R254,062 million by 2013/14.

#### 2.6.3 Cash Backed Reserves/Accumulated Surplus Reconciliation

This following table meets the requirements of MFMA Circular 42 which deals with the funding of a municipal budget in accordance with sections 18 and 19 of the MFMA. The table seeks to answer three key questions regarding the use and availability of cash:

- What are the predicted cash and investments that are available at the end of the budget year?
- How are those funds used?
- What is the net funds available or funding shortfall?

A surplus would indicate the cash-backed accumulated surplus that was/is available. A shortfall (applications > cash and investments) is indicative of non-compliance with section 18 of the MFMA requirement that the municipality's budget must be 'funded'. Non-compliance with section 18 is assumed because a shortfall would indirectly indicate that the annual budget is not appropriately funded (budgeted spending is greater than funds available or to be collected). It is also important to analyse trends to understand the consequences, e.g. the budget year might indicate a small surplus situation, which in itself is an appropriate outcome, but if in prior years there were much larger surpluses then this negative trend may be a concern that requires closer examination.

Table 32 MBRR Table A8 - Cash backed reserves/accumulated surplus reconciliation

Description	Ref	2008/9	2009/10	2010/11		Current Ye	ar 2011/12		10.000-0-0.000	ledium Term R nditure Frame	
R thousand		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2012/13	Budget Year +1 2013/14	Budget Year +2 2014/15
Cash and investments available						i					
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end	1	394,446	444,393	466,152	146,592	134,832	181,890	464,333	1,339	126,960	254,062
Other current investments > 90 days		-	0	0	(141,592)	(134,832)	(181,890)	(464,333)	106,663	(41,271)	(196,857)
Non current assets - Investments	1	7,313	8,185	35,464	8,185	-	-	-	35,464	35,464	35,464
Cash and investments available:		401,759	452,578	501,616	13,185	-	-	-	143,466	121,153	92,669
Application of cash and investments Unspent conditional transfers Unspent bonowing		601	809	688	-	-	-	-	688	688	688
Statutory requirements	2										
Other working capital requirements	3	22,215	5,824	46,718	(4,654)	- 1	- 1	-	47,577	47,577	47,577
Other provisions											
Long term investments committed	4	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reserves to be backed by cash/investments	5	460									
Total Application of cash and investments:	Ti	23,276	6,633	47,406	(4,654)	- 1	-	-	48,265	48,265	48,265
Surplus(short/all)	1 1	378,484	445,945	454,210	17,839	- 1	- 1		95,201	72,888	44,404

From the above table it can be seen that the cash and investments available total R95,201 million in the 2012/13 financial year and progressively decrease to R44,404 million by 2014/15, including the projected cash and cash equivalents as determined in the cash flow forecast. The following is a breakdown of the application of this funding:

- The cash backed reserves/accumulated surplus reconciliation is aligned to the requirements of MFMA Circular 42 Funding a Municipal Budget.
- In essence the table evaluates the funding levels of the budget by firstly forecasting the
  cash and investments at year end and secondly reconciling the available funding to the
  liabilities/commitments that exist.
- The outcome of this exercise would either be a surplus or deficit. A deficit would indicate that the applications exceed the cash and investments available and would be indicative

- of non-compliance with the MFMA requirements that the municipality's budget must be "funded".
- Non-compliance with section 18 of the MFMA is assumed because a shortfall would indirectly indicate that the annual budget is not appropriately funded.
- From the table it can be seen that for the period 2008/09 to 2011/12 the surplus decreased from R276,484 million to R454,210 million.
- Considering the requirements of section 18 of the MFMA, it can be concluded that the adopted 2011/12 MTREF was sufficiently funded.
- As part of the budgeting and planning guidelines that informed the compilation of the 2012/13 MTREF the end objective of the medium-term framework was to ensure the budget is funded aligned to section 18 of the MFMA.

The following graph supplies an analysis of the trends relating cash and cash equivalents and the cash backed reserves/accumulated funds reconciliation over a seven year perspective.

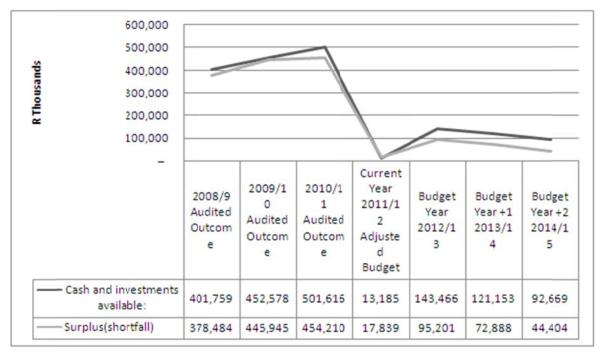


Figure 7 Cash and cash equivalents / Cash backed reserves and accumulated funds

#### 2.6.4 Funding compliance measurement

National Treasury requires that the municipality assess its financial sustainability against fourteen different measures that look at various aspects of the financial health of the municipality. These measures are contained in the following table. All the information comes directly from the annual budgeted statements of financial performance, financial position and cash flows. The funding compliance measurement table essentially measures the degree to which the proposed budget complies with the funding requirements of the MFMA. Each of the measures is discussed below.

Table 33 MBRR SA10 - Funding compliance measurement

Description	MFNA	Ref	2008/9	2009/10	2010/11		Current Ye	ar 2011/12			edium Term F nditure Frame	
Description	section	Kei	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2012/13	Budget Year +1 2013/14	+2 2014/15
Funding measures												
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end - R'000	18(1)b	1	394,446	444,393	466,152	146,592	134,832	181,890	464,333	1,339	126,960	254,062
Cash + investments at the yr end less applications - R'000	18(1)b	2	378,484	445,945	454,210	17,839	-	-	-	95,201	72,888	44,404
Cash year ent/monthly employee/supplier payments	18(1)b	3	142.5	128.3	110.2	16.4	21.8	60.1	292.9	0.1	12.5	23.8
Surplus/(Defict) excluding depreciation ofsets: R'000	18(1)	4	142,137	134,536	69,957	(263,560)	(387,178)	59,940	34,965	(275,473)	(4,433)	(10,255
Service charge rev % change - macro CPIX target exclusive	18(1)a,(2)	5	N.A.	(6.0%)	(6.0%)	(6.0%)	(6.0%)	(6.0%)	(6.0%)	(6.0%)	(6.0%)	(6.0%)
Cash receipts % of Ratepayer & Other revenue	18(1)a,(2)	6	100.0%	106.1%	99.3%	93,1%	93.1%	(129.5%)	102.7%	93,1%	93.1%	93.1%
Debt impairment expense as a % of total billable revenue	18(1)8,(2)	7	0.0%	4.0%	2.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Capital payments % of capital expenditure	18(1)0;19	8	89.0%	166.0%	(433.3%)	70.7%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Borrowing receipts % of capital expenditure (excl. transfers)	18(1)c	9	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Grants % of Govt. legislated/gazetted allocations	18(1)a	10								0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Current consumer debtors % change - incr(decr)	18(1)a	11	N.A.	333.3%	(50.8%)	(63.6%)	(100.0%)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Long term receivables % change - incr(decr)	18(1)a	12	N.A.	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
R&M % of Property Plant & Equipment	20(1)(vi)	13	1.2%	2.0%	2.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.7%	3.6%	3.6%
Asset renewal % of capital budget	20(1)(vi)	14	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

#### 2.6.4.1 Cash/cash equivalent position

The District's forecast cash position was discussed as part of the budgeted cash flow statement. A 'positive' cash position, for each year of the MTREF would generally be a minimum requirement, subject to the planned application of these funds such as cash-backing of reserves and working capital requirements.

If the municipality's forecast cash position is negative, for any year of the medium term budget, the budget is very unlikely to meet MFMA requirements or be sustainable and could indicate a risk of non-compliance with section 45 of the MFMA which deals with the repayment of short term debt at the end of the financial year. The forecasted cash and cash equivalents for the 2012/13 MTREF shows R1.339 million, R126,960 million and R254,062 million for each respective financial year.

#### 2.6.4.2 Cash plus investments less application of funds

The purpose of this measure is to understand how the municipality has applied the available cash and investments as identified in the budgeted cash flow statement. The detail reconciliation of the cash backed reserves/surpluses is contained in Table 25, on page 25. The reconciliation is intended to be a relatively simple methodology for understanding the budgeted amount of cash and investments available with any planned or required applications to be made. This has been extensively discussed above.

#### 2.6.4.3 Monthly average payments covered by cash or cash equivalents

The purpose of this measure is to understand the level of financial risk should the municipality be under stress from a collection and cash in-flow perspective. Regardless of the annual cash position an evaluation should be made of the ability of the District to meet monthly payments as and when they fall due. It is especially important to consider the position should the municipality be faced with an unexpected disaster that threatens revenue collection. The ratio has been increasing for the period 2008/09 to 2011/12, moving from 142.50 to 110.2 with the adopted 2011/12 MTREF. As part of the 2012/13 MTREF the municipalities improving Project expenditure the cash position causes the ratio to down to 0.1 and then raises to 23.8 for the 2013/14 and move slightly downwards to 9.8 in the 2014/15 year. I can be concluded that the District maintains a stable cash position.

#### 2.6.4.4 Surplus/deficit excluding depreciation offsets

The main purpose of this measure is to understand if the revenue levels are sufficient to conclude that the community is making a sufficient contribution for the municipal resources consumed each year. An 'adjusted' surplus/deficit is achieved by offsetting the amount of depreciation related to externally funded assets. Municipalities need to assess the result of this calculation taking into consideration its own circumstances and levels of backlogs.

The surplus excluding depreciation offsets raises from R142.137 million in 2008/2009 to R69.957 million in 2010/11. It should be noted that the deficit of R275,473 million estimated in 2012/13 is mainly due to the current commitments on contributions to local municipalities, which is funded from accumulated surpluses.

It needs to be noted that a surplus does not necessarily mean that the budget is funded from a cash flow perspective and the first two measures in the table are therefore critical.

# 2.6.4.5 Property Rates/service charge revenue as a percentage increase less macro inflation target

This ratio does not apply to the District as no property rates /service charges is collected by the District.

#### 2.6.4.6 Cash receipts as a percentage of other revenue

This factor is a macro measure of the rate at which funds are 'collected'. This measure is intended to analyse the underlying assumed collection rate for the MTREF to determine the relevance and credibility of the budget assumptions contained in the budget. It can be seen that the outcome is at 100 per cent for each of the respective financial years. Given that the assumed collection rate was based on a 99 per cent performance target, the cash flow statement has been conservatively determined. In addition the risks associated with objections to the valuation roll need to be clarified and hence the conservative approach, also taking into consideration the cash flow challenges experienced in the current financial year. This measure and performance objective will have to be meticulously managed. Should performance with the mid-year review and adjustments be positive in relation to actual collections of billed revenue, the adjustments budget will be amended accordingly.

#### 2.6.4.7 Debt impairment expense as a percentage of billable revenue

With effect from 1 July 2006 RSC levies were abolished and replaced with a transitional replacement grant and the District has no billable revenue.

#### 2.6.4.8 Capital payments percentage of capital expenditure

The purpose of this measure is to determine whether the timing of payments has been taken into consideration when forecasting the cash position. The municipality aims to keep this as low as possible through strict compliance with the legislative requirement that debtors be paid within 30 days.

# 2.6.4.9 Borrowing as a percentage of capital expenditure (excluding transfers, grants and contributions)

The purpose of this measurement is to determine the proportion of a municipality's 'own-funded' capital expenditure budget that is being funded from borrowed funds to confirm MFMA compliance. Externally funded expenditure (by transfers/grants and contributions) has been be excluded. No additional borrowings are undertaken.

2.6.4.10 Transfers/grants revenue as a percentage of Government transfers/grants available. The purpose of this measurement is mainly to ensure that all available transfers from national and provincial government have been budgeted for. A percentage less than 100 per cent could indicate that not all grants as contained in the Division of Revenue Act (DoRA) have been budgeted for. The District has budgeted for all transfers.

#### 2.6.4.11 Consumer debtors change (Current and Non-current)

The purpose of these measures are to ascertain whether budgeted reductions in outstanding consumer debtors are realistic. With effect from 1 July 2006 RSC levies were abolished and replaced with a transitional replacement grant and the District has no consumer debtors.

#### 2.6.4.12 Repairs and maintenance expenditure level

This measure must be considered important within the context of the funding measures criteria because a trend that indicates insufficient funds are being committed to asset repair could also indicate that the overall budget is not credible and/or sustainable in the medium to long term because the revenue budget is not being protected. Details of the District's strategy pertaining to asset management and repairs and maintenance is contained in Table 60 MBRR SA34C on page 90.

#### 2.6.4.13 Asset renewal/rehabilitation expenditure level

The District's only infrastructure assets are Thembisile Hani roads. This measure has a similar objective to aforementioned objective relating to repairs and maintenance. A requirement of the detailed capital budget (since MFMA Circular 28 which was issued in December 2005) is to categorise each capital project as a new asset or a renewal/rehabilitation project. The objective is to summarise and understand the proportion of budgets being provided for new assets and also asset sustainability. A declining or low level of renewal funding may indicate that a budget is not credible and/or sustainable and future revenue is not being protected, similar to the justification for 'repairs and

maintenance' budgets. Further details in this regard are contained in Table 59 MBRR SA34b on page 89.

## 2.7 Expenditure on grants and reconciliations of unspent funds

Table 34 MBRR SA19 - Expenditure on transfers and grant programmes

DC31 Nkangala - Supporting Table SA19 Expenditure on transfers and grant programme 2012/13 Medium Term Revenue & Description Ref 2008/9 2009/10 2010/11 Current Year 2011/12 **Expenditure Framework** Full Year Budget Year Budget Year Budget Year Audited Audited Audited Original Adjusted R thousand +1 2013/14 2012/13 +2 2014/15 Outcome Outcome Outcome Budget Budget Forecast EXPENDITURE: Operating expenditure of Transfers and Grants National Government: 251,840 269,952 284,772 301,822 301,595 376,076 303,175 312,661 323,360 Local Government Equitable Share RSC Levy Replacement Finance Management Municipal Systems Improvement 950 529 7,598 7,371 Other transfers/grants [insert description] **Provincial Government:** Other transfers/grants [insert description] District Municipality: [insert description] Other grant providers: [insert description] Total operating expenditure of Transfers and Grants 251.840 269.952 284.772 301.822 301.595 376.076 303.175 312 661 323.360 Capital expenditure of Transfers and Grants National Government Other capital transfers/grants [insert desc] Provincial Government: Other capital transfers/grants [insert District Municipality: [insert description] Other grant providers: finsert description! Total capital expenditure of Transfers and Grants 251,840 269,952 284,772 301,822 301,595 376,076 303,175 312,661 323,360 TOTAL EXPENDITURE OF TRANSFERS AND GRAN

## Table 35 MBRR SA 20 - Reconciliation between of transfers, grant receipts and unspent funds

Description	Ref	2008/9	2009/10	2010/11	Cur	rrent Year 2011	/12		ledium Term R enditure Frame	
R thousand		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2012/13	Budget Year +1 2013/14	Budget Year +2 2014/15
Operating transfers and grants:	1,3									
National Government:										
Balance unspent at beginning of the year		1,586	601	809	- COMPANDO A	688	688	CONTRACT OF STREET	10.3400.004	
Current year receipts		250,855	270,160	284,650	301,822	301,595	376,076	303,175	312,661	323,360
Conditions met - transferred to revenue Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities		252,441	270,761	285,459	301,822	302,283	376,764	303,175	312,661	323,360
Provincial Government:										
Balance unspent at beginning of the year										
Current year receipts										<u> </u>
Conditions met - transferred to revenue Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities		-	-					-	-	
District Municipality:										
Balance unspent at beginning of the year										
Ourrent year receipts										
Conditions met - transferred to revenue		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	
Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities										
Other grant providers:										
Balance unspent at beginning of the year Current year receipts										
Conditions met - transferred to revenue		(601)	(809)	(688)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities		601	809	688						
Total operating transfers and grants revenue		251,840	269,952	284,772	301,822	302,283	376,764	303,175	312,661	323,360
Total operating transfers and grants - CTBM	2	601	809	688	-	-	_	-		
Capital translers and grants: National Government:	1,3									
Balance unspent at beginning of the year										
Current year receipts										
Conditions met - transferred to revenue Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities		-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Provincial Government:										
Balance unspent at beginning of the year Current year receipts										
Conditions met - transferred to revenue		- 1	-	-		-	_	-	-	· -
Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities										
District Municipality:										
Balance unspent at beginning of the year										
Current year receipts										
Conditions met - transferred to revenue		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities										
Other grant providers:										
Balance unspent at beginning of the year Current year receipts										
Conditions met - transferred to revenue		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities										
Total capital transfers and grants revenue		-	11.70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total capital transfers and grants - CTBM	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	i -
TOTAL TRANSFERS AND GRANTS REVENUE		251,840	269,952	284,772	301,822	302,283	376,764	303,175	312,661	323,360
JOINT HUMBLERS WAR GLAMIS KENENDE		601	809	688	301,022	302,203	3/0,/04	303,173	312,001	323,300

# 2.8 Councillor and employee benefits

Table 36 MBRR SA22 - Summary of councillor and staff benefits

Summary of Employee and Councillor remuneration	Ref	2007/8	2008/9	2009/10		rent Year 2010		Expe	ledium Term F Inditure Frame	work
R thousand		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2011/12	+1 2012/13	+2 2013/14
	1	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	1
Councillors (Political Office Bearers plus Othe Salary	er)	7,268	8,128	8,529	12,501	9,930	9,905	9,579	10,536	11,485
Pension Contributions		7,200	0,120	0,020	12,001	0,000	3,300	3,575	-10,000	11,400
Medical Aid Contributions										
Motor vehicle allowance								2,332	2,565	2,796
Cell phone allowance								338	372	405
Housing allowance Other benefits or allowances										
In-kind benefits										
Sub Total - Councillors		7,268	8,128	8,529	12,501	9,930	9,905	12,248	13,473	14,686
% increase	4		11.8%	4.9%	46.6%	(20.6%)	(0.3%)	23.7%	10.0%	9.0%
Senior Managers of the Municipality	2									
Salary Pension Contributions								5,305	5,835	6,360
Medical Aid Contributions								9		
Motor vehicle allowance										
Cell phone allowance										
Housing allowance								and the same	10000	305
Performance Bonus								757	832	907
Other benefits or allowances In-kind benefits										
Sub Total - Senior Managers of Municipality				_				6,061	6,667	7,267
% increase	4	1,00		2		_	12	-	10.0%	9.0%
Other Municipal Staff									2500	
Basic Salaries and Wages		23,646	23,021	29,344	63,599	41,452	37,195	44,951	49,446	53,896
Pension Contributions		5.000	0.0004.0000			1.000	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	4,369	4,806	5,238
Medical Aid Contributions								3,572	3,930	4,283
Motor vehicle allowance								4,831	5,315	5,793
Cell phone allowance										
Housing allowance Overtime								1,111	1,222 3,300	1,332 3,597
Performance Bonus								4,012	4,413	4,810
Other benefits or allowances								4,165	4,581	4,994
In-kind benefts						-				
Sub Total - Other Municipal Staff % increase	4	23,646	23,021	29,344	63,599	41,452	37,195	70,011	77,012	83,943
	1		(2.6%)	27.5%	116.7%	(34.8%)	(10.3%)	88.2%	10.0%	9,0%
Total Parent Municipality	-	30,914	31,149 0.8%	37,873 21.6%	76,100 100,9%	51,382 (32.5%)	47,100 (8.3%)	88,321 87.5%	97,153 10,0%	105,897
_ souls and supplies			0.03	21.0%	100.5%	(32.376)	(0.3%)	07.3%	10.0%	3.076
Board Members of Entities										
Salary Pension Contributions										
Medical Aid Contributions										
Motor vehicle allowance										
Cell phone allowances										
Housing allowance										
Board Fees										
Other benefits and allowances In-kind benefits										
Sub Total - Board Members of Entities		_	-				-		-	-
% Increase	4		-	_	-	_	_	2	-	-
Senior Managers of Entities										
Salary								1		
Pension Contributions										
Medical Aid Contributions										
Motor vehicle allowance										
Cell phone allowances Housing allowance										
Performance Bonus										
Other benefits or allowances										
In-kind benefts										
Sub Total - Senior Managers of Entities		-	-	-	-	-	-	7.	-	-
% increase	4		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Staff of Entities										
Basic Salaries and Wages										
Pension Contributions Medical Aid Contributions										
Motor vehicle allowance										
Cell phone allowances										
Housing allowance										
Overtime										
Performance Bonus										
Other benefits or allowances In-kind benefits								1		
Sub Total - Other Staff of Entities		-		-			_		-	_
% increase	4		-		2	-	_	_	-	_
Total Municipal Entities		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL SALARY, ALLOWANCES & BENEFITS		20.014	24.440	27 820	76,100	\$4.202	47 400	00 224	07 450	4AE 003
% increase	4	30,914	31,149 0.8%	37,873 21.6%	100.9%	(32.5%)	47,100 (8.3%)	88,321 87.5%	97,153 10.0%	105,897
TOTAL MANAGERS AND STAFF	5	23,646	23,021	29,344	63,599	41,452	37,195	76,072	83,680	91,211
TOTAL MAINDUNG AND STAFF	1 2	23,040	23,021	23,344	03,333	41,432	31,193	10,012	03,000	31,211

Table 37 MBRR SA23 - Salaries, allowances and benefits (political office bearers/councillors/ senior managers)

Disclosure of Salaries, Allowances & Benefits 1.  Rand per annum	Ref	No. 10	Salary	Contrib.	Allowances	Performance Bonuses	In-kind benefits 2.	Total Package 3.
Councillors	4					i		•••
Speaker	5	1	623,711		175,674			799.385
Chief Whip		1	584,728		165,929			750,657
Executive Mayor		1	779,638		214,657			994,295
Deputy Executive Mayor						İ		_
Executive Committee		6	584,728		165,929	İ		750,657
Total for all other councillors			0.000			İ		_
Total Councillors	9	9	2,572,805	_	722,189			3,294,994
Senior Managers of the Municipality	6							
Municipal Manager (MM)		1	1,596,897			225.631		1,822,528
Chief Finance Officer			898.947			134,477		1,033,424
Deputy City Manager - Technical		1	983.205			138,788		1,121,993
Deputy City Manager - Social Services			912,830			128,829		1,041,660
Deputy City Manager - Health, Safety & Social Issues			7.2,000			120,020		- 1,011,000
Deputy City Manager - Corporate & Human Resources		1	912,830			128,829		1,041,660
List of each offical with packages >= senior manager								7.000 200-200
								-
					8 9 9 8 9			-
								-
					**************************************			-
								-
								-
								-
								-
								-
								-
								-
								-
Total Senior Managers of the Municipality	9	5	5,304,710	_	-	756,555	-	6,061,264

Table 38 MBRR SA24 – Summary of personnel numbers

Summary of Personnel Numbers	Ref		2009/10		Cu	rrent Year 201	0/11	Bu	dget Year 201	1/12
Number	1,2	Positions	Permanent employees	Contract employees	Positions	Permanent employees	Contract employees	Positions	Permanent employees	Contract
Municipal Council and Boards of Municipal Entities										
Councillors (Political Office Bearers plus Other Councillors)								55		5
Board Members of municipal entities	4		İ							
Municipal employees	5		Ī							
Municipal Nanager and Senior Managers	3		İ					5		
Other Managers	7							19		
Professionals		-	-	-	-	-	-	19	1	0
Finance								1	1	
Spatial/town planning			İ					4		
Information Technology			į					1		
Roads			İ					1		
Electricity			Į.					1		
Water			1					1		
Sanitation			İ							
Refuse			Ī							
Other			İ					10		
Technicians		-	-	-	-	-	-	19	13	
Finance								1		
Spatial/town planning			Ī					3		
Information Technology			İ					2	2	
Roads			Ĭ.					X.1		
Electricity			İ							
Water										
Sanitation			Į.							
Refuse										
Other								13	11	
Clerks (Clerical and administrative)			Ī					47	29	
Service and sales workers								31	23	
Skilled agricultural and fishery workers										
Craft and related trades										
Plant and Machine Operators			Ī							
Elementary Occupations			İ					5	2	
TOTAL PERSONNEL NUMBERS	4	_	-	-	-	-		200	68	-
% increase	1							-	-	
	6									
Total municipal employees headcount Finance personnel headcount	0 00							20		
Finance personnel neadcount  Human Resources personnel headcount	0 00							28	11	
numan riesources personnel neadcount	10								2	

## 2.9 Monthly targets for revenue, expenditure and cash flow

#### Table 39 MBRR SA25 - Budgeted monthly revenue and expenditure

DC31 Nkangala - Supporting Table SA25 Budgeted monthly revenue and expenditure Nedium Term Revenue and Expenditure Description Ref Budget Year 2012/13 Budget Year Budget Year Budget Year R thousand November December February March May +1 2013/14 +2 2014/15 2012/13 Revenue By Source Property rates - penalties & collection charges Service charges - electricity revenue Service charges - water revenue Service charges - sanitation revenue Service charges - refuse revenue Service charges - other Rental of facilities and equipment 1,954 1,954 Interest earned - external investments 1,954 1,954 1,954 1,954 1,954 1,954 1,954 1,954 1,954 1,954 23,453 24,860 26,202 Interest earned - outstanding debtors 109 116 122 Dividends received Licences and permits Agency services 303,175 101.058 101.058 312.661 323,360 Transfers recognised - operational 101,058 122 122 122 122 122 122 122 122 122 1,457 1,555 Other revenue Gains on disposal of PPE 103.144 339,191 351.323 Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and cor 103,144 2.086 2.086 2.086 2.086 2.086 103,144 2.086 2.086 2.086 2.086 328.204 Expenditure By Type Employee related costs 87,851 Remuneration of councillors 1,114 1,114 1,114 13,373 14,573 15,359 (235) Debt impairment 542 422 542 422 7.265 Decreciation & asset impairment 542 542 542 542 542 542 542 542 422 542 542 6.503 6.893 422 422 422 422 422 422 422 422 422 5,060 5,060 5,052 Finance charges Bulk purchases 1,028 966 Other materials 482 4,329 6,133 184,030 Contracted services 482 482 482 480 482 482 480 482 482 482 482 5,781 6,465 4,329 432,917 193,647 4,329 4,329 4,329 4,329 4,329 4,329 385,296 4,329 4,329 4,329 Transfers and crants 5,206 18,582 5,206 18,582 5,206 18,582 5,206 18,582 5,206 18,582 5,206 62,477 42,414 44,704 Loss on disposal of PPE 18,582 18,582 18,582 18,582 18,582 18,582 (204,39) Total Expenditure 603,676 343,624 361,578 37,163 37,163 37,163 37,163 37,163 37,163 37,163 37,163 194,882 37,163 37,163 37,163 Surplus/(Deficit) 65,981 (35,077) (35,077) (35,077) 65,981 (35,077) (35,077) 65,981 (35,077) (35,077) (35,077) (192,796) (275,473) (4,433) (10,255) Transfers recognised - capital Contributions recognised - capital Contributed assets Surplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers & 65,981 (35,077) (35,077) (35,077) 65,981 (35,077) (35,077) 65,981 (35.077) (35.077) (35,077) (192,796) (275,473) (4,433)(10,255) contributions Taxation Attributable to minorities Share of surplus/ (deficit) of associate Surplus/(Deficit) 65,981 (35,077) (35,077) (35,077) 65,981 (35,077) (35,077) 65,981 (35,077) (35,077) (35,077) (192,796) (275,473)(4,433) (10,255)

## Table 40 MBRR SA26 - Budgeted monthly revenue and expenditure (municipal vote)

DC31 Nkangala - Supporting Table SA26 Budgeted monthly revenue and expenditure (municipal vote)

R thousand	Ref	1			Medium Term Revenue and Expenditur Framework											
		July	August	Sept.	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	Budget Year 2012/13	+1 2013/14	
Revenue by Vote  Vote 1 - EXECUTIVE AND COUNCIL												-	-	- 22		
Vote 2 - ADMINISTRATION	1 /	- 1			-			[ ]					_	1 - 1		
Vote 3 - FINANCE	1 /	103,144	2.086	2,086	2,086	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		2,086		2,086	2.086	2.086	2.086	1	339,191	1 351,30
Vote 4 - SOCIAL SERVICES	1	100,144	2,000	2,000	2,000	100,144	2,000	2,000	100,144	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	520,004	333,131	100
Vote 5 - Technical Services and PMU	1 /				-	_		1 [1	-		_			1 0		
Vote 6 - LED AGENCY	1 /	_	-	_	-	-	_		-	-	_	-	4			
Vote 7 - DPU AND IDP	1 /	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	_	_	-	
Vote 8 - PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT CONT	RIBUT	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Vote 9 - [NAME OF VOTE 9]	1	1		1		7	1 9		1	1			_	_	-	
Vote 10 - [NAME OF VOTE 10]													-		-	
Vote 11 - [NAME OF VOTE 11]	1 /					1						1	-	2	-	
Vote 12 - [NAME OF VOTE 12]	1 /			1		7							4	-	-	
Vote 13 - [NAME OF VOTE 13]	1 /											1	-	-	-	
Vote 14 - [NAME OF VOTE 14]	1 /												-	-	-	
Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]														-		
Total Revenue by Vote		103,144	2,086	2,086	2,086	103,144	2,086	2,086	103,144	2,086	2,086	2,086	2,086	328,204	339,191	1 351,32
Expenditure by Vote to be appropriated		1 1	1		1		1	1 1	1	( )	1	i 1	1			
Vote 1 - EXECUTIVE AND COUNCIL	1	4,023	4,023	5,288	4,023	4,023	5,288	4,023	4,023	5,288	4,023	4,023	5,288	53,336	48,245	5 50,56
Vote 2 - ADMINISTRATION	1 /	630	630	630	630	630		630		630	630	630	5,690	12,614	13,636	6 14,37
Vote 3 - FINANCE	1 /	2,319	2,319	2,319	2,319	2,319	2,319	2,319	2,319	2,319	2,319	2,319	7,379	32,887	31,761	1 32,83
Vote 4 - SOCIAL SERVICES	1	3,538	3,538	3,538	3,538	3,538	3,538	3,538	3,538	3,538	3,538	3,538	8,598	47,518	37,672	2 39,70
Vote 5 - Technical Services and PMU	1 /	7,206	7,206	7,206	7,206			7,206		7,206	7,206	7,206	12,266	91,529	24,620	
Vote 6 - LED AGENCY	1 /	3,182	3,182	3,182	3,182	3,182	3,182	3,182	3,182	3,182	3,182	3,182	8,242	43,250	25,751	
Vote 7 - DPU AND IDP		1,970		1,970	1,970			1,970		1,970	1,970	1,970	7,030			
Vote 8 - PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT CONT	RIBUT	2,888	8,663	11,551	14,439	20,215	23,102	25,990	31,766	34,654	34,654	37,542	48,377	293,841	139,951	1 146,9
Vote 9 - [NAME OF VOTE 9]													-	-	-	
Vote 10 - [NAME OF VOTE 10]	1 /												-	-	-	
Vote 11 - [NAME OF VOTE 11]	1 /												-	-	-	
Vote 12 - [NAME OF VOTE 12]	1 /					1							-	-	-	
Vote 13 - [NAME OF VOTE 13]													-	-	-	
Vote 14 - [NAME OF VOTE 14]	1 /	1							1			1	-	-	-	
Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]						4							-			
Total Expenditure by Vote		25,756	31,531	35,684	37,307	43,083	47,235	48,858	54,634	58,787	57,522	60,409	102,870	603,676	343,624	
Surplus/(Deficit) before assoc.		77,388	(29,446)	(33,598)	(35,221)	60,061	(45,150)	(46,773)	48,510	(56,701)	(55,436)	(58,324)	(100,784)	(275,473)	(4,433)	3) (10,2
Taxation	1 1												2	2	-	
Attributable to minorities	1 /											7	4 2		_	
Share of surplys/ (deficit) of associate									1				4 -			
Surplus/(Deficit)	1	77,388	(29,446)	(33,598)	(35,221)	60.061	(45.150)	(46.773)	48.510	(56,701)	(55,436)	(58,324)	(100,784)	(275,473)	3) (4,433)	3) (10.2

## Table 41 MBRR SA27 - Budgeted monthly revenue and expenditure (standard classification)

DC31 Nkangala - Supporting Table SA27 Budgeted monthly revenue and expenditure (standard classification)

Description	Ref						Budget Ye	ar 2012/13						Medium Terr	ramework	Expend
R thousand		July	August	Sept.	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	Budget Year 2012/13	Budget Year +1 2013/14	Budget +2 20
Revenue - Standard	П															
Governance and administration		103,144	2,086	2,086	2,086	103,144	2,086	2,086	103,144	2,086	2,086	2,086	2,086	328,204	339,191	35
Executive and council  Budget and treasury office		103,144	2,086	2,086	2,086	103,144	2,086	2,086	103,144	2,086	2,086	2,086	2,086	328,204	339,191	35
Corporate services		103,144	2,000	2,000	2,000	100,144	2,000	2,000	103,144	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	320,204	339,191	1 3
Community and public safety		-	-	_	-	-	-		_	-	-	-		_	1 0	
Community and social services				_							_				1 0	
Sport and recreation													-	_	_	
Public safety													_	_	_	
Housing													_	_		
Health													_	_		
Economic and environmental services		-	-	2	-	-			-	-	-	-	_	_	_	
Planning and development	1												-	-	-	
Road transport													-	-	-	
Environmental protection													-	-	-	
Trading services		-	-	2	-	-	-	-	120	-	-	-	_	_	_	
Electricity													_	_	_	
Water													-	-	-	
Waste water management													-	-	-	
Waste management													-	-	-	
Other													-	-	-	
Total Revenue · Standard		103,144	2,086	2,086	2,086	103,144	2,086	2,086	103,144	2,086	2,086	2,086	2,086	328,204	339,191	35
Expenditure - Standard	I		27.00	336350			100000		PARTITION OF	1000	0.000	4,554,053,05				
Governance and administration		6,971	6,971	8,236	6.971	6,971	8,236	6,971	6,971	8,236	6,971	6,971	18,356	98,837	93,642	9
Executive and council		4,023	4.023	5,288	4,023	4,023	5,288	4,023	4,023	5,288	4,023	4,023	5,288	53,336	48,245	
Budget and treasury office		2,319	2,319	2,319	2,319	2,319	2,319	2,319	2,319	2,319	2,319	2,319	7,379	32.887	31,761	
Corporate services		630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	530	5,690	12,614	13,636	1 1
Community and public safety		3,538	3,538	3,538	3,538	3,538	3,538	3,538	3,538	3,538	3,538	3,538	8,598	47,518	37,672	
Community and social services		3,538	3,538	3,538	3,538	3,538	3,538	3,538	3,538	3,538	3,538	3,538	8,598	47,518	37,672	
Sport and recreation									1000000				-	-	-	
Public safety	l l												-	-	-	
Housing													-	-	-	
Health													-	-	-	
Economic and environmental services		15,246	21,022	23,910	26,797	32,573	35,461	38,349	44,124	47,012	47,012	49,900	75,916	457,321	212,309	27
Planning and development		15,246	21,022	23,910	26,797	32,573	35,461	38,349	44,124	47,012	47,012	49,900	75,916	457,321	212,309	22
Road transport													-	-	-	
Environmental protection													-	-	-	
Trading services		-	-	_	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Electricity													-	-	-	
Water								8					-	-	-	
Waste water management		9											-		-	
Waste maragement		1											-	-	-	
Other	-												-		-	-
Total Expenditure - Standard		25,756	31,531	35,684	37,307	43,083	47,235	48,858	54,634	58,787	57,522	60,409	102,870	603,676	343,624	36
Surplus/(Deficit) before assoc.		77,388	(29,446)	(33,598)	(35,221)	60,061	(45,150)	(46,773)	48,510	(56,701)	(55,436)	(58,324)	(100,784)	(275,473)	(4,433)	(1
Share of surplus/ (deficit) of associate								Emmanue Ins					-	_	_	
Surplus/(Deficit)	1	77,388	(29,446)	(33,598)	(35,221)	60,061	(45,150)	(46,773)	48,510	(56,701)	(55,436)	(58,324)	(100,784)	(275,473)	(4,433)	(1

## Table 42 MBRR SA28 - Budgeted monthly capital expenditure (municipal vote)

DC31 Nkangala - Supporting Table SA28 Budgeted monthly capital expenditure (municipal vote)

Description	Ref				Medium Term Revenue and Ex Framework											
,	1		T		T T					1		1		Budget Year		
R thousand		July	August	Sept.	October	Nov.	Dec.	January	Feb.	March	April	Nay	June	2012/13	+1 2013/14	
Multi-year expenditure to be appropriated	1															
Vote 1 - EXECUTIVE AND COUNCIL	1 /												-	-	1 -	
Vote 2 - ADMNISTRATION	1 /												-	-	-	
Vote 3 - FINANCE													-	-	-	
Vote 4 - SOCAL SERVICES	1 /												-	-	-	4
Vote 5 - Technical Services and PMU	1 /												-	-	-	4
Vote 6 - LED AGENCY	1 /												-	-	-	
Vote 7 - DPU AND IDP													-	-	-	4
Vote 8 - PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT CONTRI	KIBUTI	ONS TO LO	CAL MUNIS										-	-	-	
Vote 9 - [NAME OF VOTE 9]	1 1												_	_	-	4
Vote 10 - [NAME OF VOTE 10]	1 /												_	_	-	
Vote 11 - [NAME OF VOTE 11]	1 /		1	7		1		1	1					_	1 -	
Vote 12 - [NAME OF VOTE 12]													-	-	-	
Vote 13 - [NAME OF VOTE 13]													_	_		
Vote 14 - [NAME OF VOTE 14]													_	_		
Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]	1 /		1					1								
Capital multi-year expenditure sub-total	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			+==	-
Single-year expenditure to be appropriated		1	1	1		( )	1	1	1		1					
Vote 1 - EXECUTIVE AND COUNCIL	1 /	290			290		290			290		290	290	1,742	1,556	4
Vote 2 - ADMINISTRATION		21			21		21			21		21	21	78.17	1	3.4
Vote 3 - FINANCE	1 /	17			17		17			17		17	17			
Vote 4 - SOCAL SERVICES	1 /	4,854			4.854		4,854			4.854		4.854	4,854	100		
Vote 5 - Technical Services and PMU	1 /	7,405			7,405		7,405			7,405		7,405	7,405			3.4
Vote 6 - LED AGENCY	1 /	3			1,700		3			3		7,400	()****	19		
Vote 7 - DPU AND IDP	1 /	28			28		28			28		28	28		1	5.7
Vote 8 - PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT CONTRI		201					-			20		20				
Vote 9 - INAME OF VOTE 91	1				-		-					-	-	-	-	
													-	-	-	
Vote 10 - [NAME OF VOTE 10]	1 /						1						-	-	-	
Vote 11 - [NAME OF VOTE 11]			1				1	1					-	-	-	
Vote 12 - [NAME OF VOTE 12]			1										-	-	-	
Vote 13 - [NAME OF VOTE 13]	1 /												-	-	-	
Vote 14 - [NAME OF VOTE 14]	1 /				1				1				-	-	-	
Vote 15 - [NAME OF VOTE 15]													_	-	-	
Capital single-year expenditure sub-total	2	12,620			12,620	-	12,620		-	12,620	-	12,620	12,620		the second second	
Total Capital Expenditure	2	12,620	-	-	12,620	-	12,620	-	-	12,620	-	12,620	12,620	75,718	19,421	4

## Table 43 MBRR SA29 - Budgeted monthly capital expenditure (standard classification)

DC31 Nkangala - Supporting Table SA29 Budgeted monthly capital expenditure (standard classification)

Description	Ref								Medium Term Rev						
R thousand		July	August	Sept.	October	Nov.	Dec.	January	Feb.	March	April	May	June	Budget Year 2012/13	Bud +1
Capital Expenditure - Standard	1							1						- 67000	
Governance and administration		329	-	_	329	-	329		-	329	-	329	329		
Executive and council		290	-	-	290	-	290	-	-	290	-	290	290	1,742	4
Budget and treasury office		17	-	-	17	-	17	-	-	17	-	17	17	103	
Corporate services		21	-	-	21	-	21	-	-	21	-	21	21	126	1
Community and public safety		4,854	-	-	4,854	-	4,854	-	-	4,854	-	4,854	4,854	29,127	/
Community and social services		4,854	-	-	4,854	-	4,854	-	-	4,854	-	4,854	4,854	29,127	
Sport and recreation													-	-	
Public safety													170	-	
Housing													-	-	
Health													-	-	
Economic and environmental services		7,437	-	-	7,437	-	7,437	-	-	7,437	-	7,437	7,437	44,620	
Planning and development		7,437	-	-	7,437	-	7,437	-	-	7,437	-	7,437	7,437	44,620	1
Road transport							1	1					_	-	
Environmental protection													-	-	
Trading services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Electricity													-	-	
Water								1					-	-	
Waste water management													-	-	
Waste management		-								1			-	-	
Other													-	-	
Total Capital Expenditure - Standard	2	12,520	-	-	12,620	- 1	12,620	-	-	12,620	-	12,620	12,620	75,718	

## Table 44 MBRR SA30 - Budgeted monthly cash flow

MONTHLY CASH FLOWS			Medium Term Revenue and Expenditure Framework												
R thousand	July	August	Sept.	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	Budget Year 2012/13	+1 2013/14	+2 2014/15
Cash Receipts By Source													1		
Property rates												-			
Property rates - penalties & collection charges												-			
Service charges - electricity revenue												-			
Service charges - water revenue												-			
Service charges - sanitation revenue												-			
Service charges - refuse revenue												-			
Service charges - other												-			
Rental of facilities and equipment	020	12	2	2	625	2	(2)	828	7/27	2	223	-	12	-	1 2
Interest earned - external investments	1,954	1,954	1,954	1,954	1,954	1,954	1,954	1,954	1,954	1,954	1,954	1,954	23,453	24,860	26,202
interest earned - outstanding debtors	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	109	116	122
Dividends received	2-3		-	-	- C	_	(=)	0-0	· ·	-	-	_	-	-	-
Fines	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Licences and permits	243	5743		-	7.40		-	5.43		-	-	1 -1	2.43	-	-
Agency services			-	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	-	_	-
Transfer receipts - operational	101.058			4	101.058		1.000	101.058				-	303,175	312.661	323,360
Other revenue	122	122	122	122	122	122	122	122	122	122	122	122	1,467	1.555	1,639
Cash Receipts by Source	103,144	2,086	2,086	2,086	183,144	2,086	2,086	103,144	2,086	2,086	2,086	2,086	328,204	339,191	351,323
Other Cash Flows by Source	200	1957.00	1.7000	195000				2000	2.7000	10000	12.00		1000000	200000	200.000
Transfer receipts - capital	200											-			
Contributions recognised - capital & Contributed a Proceeds on discosal of PPE	ssets											-			
Short term loans			11												
Borrowing long term/refinancing												-			
Increase (decrease) in consumer deposits												-			
Decrease (Increase) in non-current debtors												_			
Decrease (increase) other non-current receivable	5											-			
Decrease (increase) in non-current investments												-			
Total Cash Receipts by Source	103,144	2,086	2,086	2,086	103,144	2,086	2,086	103,144	2,086	2,086	2,086	2,086	328,204	339,191	351,323
Cash Payments by Type															
Employee related costs	6,372	6,372	6,372	6,372	6,372	6,372	6,372	6,372	6,372	6,372	6,372	6,372	76,466	83,351	87,851
Remuneration of councillors	1,114	1,114	1,114	1,114	1,114	1,114	1,114	1,114	1,114	1,114	1,114	1,114	13,373	14,573	15,359
Finance charges	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	(236)		143	150
Bulk purchases - Electricity	542	542	542	542	542	542	542	542	542	542	542	542	6,503	6,893	7,265
Bulk purchases - Water & Sewer	422	422	422	422	422	422	422	422	422	422	422	422	5,060	5,060	5,052
Other materials	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contracted services	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	81	966	1,028	1,084
Transfers and grants - other municipalities	482	482	482	482	482	482	482	482	482	482	482	482	5,781	6,133	6,465
Transfers and grants - other	4,329	4,329	4,329	4,329	4,329	4,329	4,329	4,329	4,329	4,329	4,329	385,296	432,917	184,030	193,647
Other expenditure	5,206	5,206	5,206	5,206	5,206	5,206	5,206	5,206	5,206	5,206	5,206	5,206	62,477	42,414	44,704
Cash Payments by Type	18,582	18,582	18,582	18,582	18,582	18,582	18,582	18,582	18,582	18,582	18,582	399,279	603,676	343,624	361,578
Other Cash Flows Payments by Type															
Capital assets	12,620	0.00	-	12,620	1 4	12,620	-	-	12,620	-	12,620	12,620	75,718	19,421	20,470
Repayment of birrowing			1,300	4 -		1,300			1,300		1	1,300	5,200	5,200	5,200
Other Cash Flows/Payments												-			
Total Cash Payments by Type	31,201	18,582	19,882	31,201	18,582	32,501	18,582	18,582	32,501	18,582	31,201	413,199	684,595	368,245	387,248
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD	71,943	(16,496)	(17,796)	(29,116)	84,563	(30,416)	(16,496)	84.563	(30,416)	(16.496)	(29,116)	(411,113)	(356.391)	(29.054)	(35,925
Cash/cash equivalents at the month/year begin:	181,890	253,833	237,337	219,541	190,426	274,988	244,573	228,077	312,639	282,224	265,728	236,612	181,890	(174,501)	(203,554
Cash/cash equivalents at the month/year end:	253.833	237,337	219.541	190,426	274,988	244,573	228,077	312,639	282,224	265,728	236,612	(174,501)	(174,501)	(203,554)	(239,479